TORY.

A ARKANSAS.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1852.

SWARTZWELDER & SMITH, HAVING associated themselves together for the Hardware Business

in all its branches, would respectfully announce to the public that they have just opened THE LARGEST and CHAPEST Stock of ENGLISH AND AMERI-GAN HARDWARE that they have ever before offered in this market, selected with great care from first hands, and suites to all branches of trade and industry, which they would be pleased to sell, Wholesale and Retail, at the very lowest prices, for cash or approved credit. For particulars, we refer to our various advertisements in the columns of this paper.

TO HOUSE-KEEPERS. SWARTZWELDER & SMITH have just open-ed an extensive variety of Fine Table Cutlery; Desert and Tea Spoors, including the Albata, German Silver, Britaenia and Plated; Albata Forks; Britannia Tea setts; Table Castors, Waiters, Candlesticls, Snuffers, Stair Rods, Looking-Glasses, Tea Scales Hand Bellows, Ladles and Skimmers, Preserving Kettles, Sauce and Frying Pans, Tea. Kettles Coffee Mills Shovels and Tongs Andirons, Penders, Wash Kenles, Ovens Skillets and in short, every description of Hardware used by House-keepers, which will be cold at the very lowest prices.

TO PARMERS AND OTHERS. Just received a complete assortment of 2, 3 and 4 Prongel Forks; Spades, Rakes, Grain and Longhandle Shovels: Trace, Log, Tongne, Breast, Halter and Fifth Chains; Spreaders, Picks, Mattocks, Haims, Chopping Axes, Straw and Hay Knives, Briar Sevines, Jack-Screws. Horse-Shoes, do. Nails, Strap Hinges, Hoes, Mouldboards, Wagon Boxes, in short every article used by Farmers, which will be sold low by

SWARTZWELDER & SMITH

TO HOUSE-BUILDERS AND OTHERS. The undersigned would call the attention of those wanting, to the largest and cheapest stock of Buliding Hardware which they have ever off red for sale, comprising more than a dozen varieties of Knob Locks; also, Knod and Thumb Latehes, Door and Shutter Hinges, Shutter Fastenings, Sash and Door Springs, Bolts, Nails, Screws, and in short every kind of Building Hardware.
SWARTZWELDLR & SMITH.

TO SHOEMAKERS. For sale, at the lowest prices, a full assortment of Shoe maker's Materials and Findings, comprising French Call-Skins, Boot Morocco, Ladies' plain and tan y do; Patent Leather, Lining and Binding Skins, Webb, Pegs, Lasts, Awis, Boot Trees, Crimping Boards, Nails, Tacks, Thread, and a full assortment of Shoemaker's Tools. SWARTZWELDER & SMITH.

TO CABINET-MAKERS. SWARTZWELDER & SMITH keep constantly on hand Hair-Cloth, Glue, Glue-Pots, Table-Hinges, Quadrants, Bed-Screws and Caps, Castors, Sofa Springs, Coffin Screws and Handles, Sand Paper, Paint-Mills; Mahogany, Brass and Mineral Knobs, Till and Press Locks, Brass Hinges, Hand and Bench Serews, and everything such like-for

TO CARPENTERS, CABINET-MAKERS, SC. We have just opened a very large stock of every variety of Planes, Saws, Socket, Mortice and Firmer Chise's, Plane-Bitts, Levels, Squares, Compasses Braces and Bitts, Hand and Broad Axes, Hatchets, Angers, Files, &c., which we will sell very low for cash or approved credit.
SWARTZWELDER & SMITH.

TO SADDLERS. Always on hand, a large stock of Hog Skins, Saldta Trees, Buckles, Rings, Bridle Bitts, Stir-prices. SWALTZWELDER & SMITH.

TO ELACKSMITHS AND OTHERS. For sale, 40 tons Rolled and Hammered Iron, Hughes' and Sneed's Iron, Nail Rods, Round and Square Iron, Cast, Shear and Blister Steel, Anvils, Bellows, Vices, Screw Plates, Hammers, Sledges, SWARTZWELDER & SMITH.

SPORTSMEN, ATTENTION! On land, a large variety of Shot-Guns, some very superior, made by makers of known celebraty. Also, Flasks, Shou-Ponches, Game-Bags, Pistols Colt's and Allen's Revolvers, Percussion Cap-Wadding, Gun Cleaners, &c. &c. SWARTZWELDER & SMITH.

PUMPS! PUMPS! PUMPS! We would call the attention of the public to six different varieties of Well and Cistern Pumps, (including the Chain Pump.) which will draw water any depth. We have also for sale Lead Pipe. SWARTZWELDER & SMITH.

SAWS! SAWS! On land, Mill, Circular and Cross-Cat Saws, Mill Screws, Bolting- Wire, &c. EWARTZWELDER & SMITH.

For sale, at low prices, Eliptic Springs, Patent Axles, Patent Hubb Boxes, Buggy Boxes, Hubb Bands, Mounting, &c. SWARTZWELDER & SMITH. Winchester, November 13, 1851-1y

NOTICE.

THE Co-Partnership heretofore existing bemerman & Co., was mutually dissolved the 15th GEO. F. S. ZIMMERMAN. L. S. EICHELBERGER. February 5, 1859.

CO-PARTNERSHIP. Till subscribers having on the day of the above dissolution formed a Co Partnership, under the firm of Zimmerman & Co., will continue to

manufacture all kinds of

Agricultural Machinery as before, and feeling anxious to accommedate and carry out their old maxim of small profits and quick sales, have reduced their prices as follows: THRESHER with Cleaner complete, six-hors power, warranted to thresh from 30 to 60 bushels

per heer, and for simplicity, durability and cosy draft to the horse has no equal, \$235 Thresher without Cleaner, from 130 to \$160 Fodder Cutters. Corn and Cob Crushers,

Corn Shellers, from \$12 to Hay and Straw Cutters from \$8 to \$30 All o her machinery at proportional rates. All warran ed to work vell.

We are also agents for R. Sinchaia, jr. & Co., of Baltimore, and can furnish persons any machinery from them at Baltimore prices. All kinds of Casting done at the shortest notice, including Mill Castings and dressing Mill Spindles, Mill Picks, dec. The subscribers are thankful for past favors, and hope by strict attention to business to give all entire attisfaction who will favor us with a call. GEO. F. S. ZIMMERMAN, JOHN P. ZIMMERMAN. Charlestown, Feb 5, 1852.

New Firm at the Depot. HII undersigned having formed a co-partner stip under the name and firm of John G. is & Co., are prepared to afford increased facilities or transacting all the

Recening & Forwarding Business. AT THE CHARLESTOWN DEPOT. They are determined to leave no effort unspared to accommodate the ole, and all the new Customers who may favor them with their patronnge.

They will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of articles suitable to the Tants of the tarming community, such as Salt, Fish, Plaster, Tar, 4c. They respectfully invite all and every person who desire bargains to give them a call—having made up their minds that "a penny turned is a perny made."

J. G. Morris will give the business his strict,
person il and undivided attention.

JOHN G. MORRIS. VINCENT W. MOORE. Jan. 1. 1852.

N. II.—It is necessary, to enable us to make our returns, that the Cash be paid on all goods received at the Depot before they are taken away, especially from those who have not been very prompt heretofore. A moderate credit will be extended to regular customers on articles foreale, excepting Floar, Coal and P aster, for which the cash will be required.

JOHN G. MORRIS & GO. SCITCH Sauff, in bottles and papers, 2 and 4

Soc., just received by EBY & SON.

Jun 3, 1852.

WARREDUEE: WASHINGTON CITY.

THE subscriber begs leave to call the attention of the Parmers of Jefferson, and the adjoining counties, to one of the most extensive and best selested assortments of Agricultural Machinery and Implements to be found in any similar house in the United States. His arrangements with all the best manufacturers in this country, enable him to farnish, at Factory prices, every article required for the farm; and all goods, leaving his establishment, are warranted to prove as represented. His stock | may favor her with their work. She may be found

FORTY VARIETIES OF PLOUGHS. among which may be found the celebrated Premium Centre Draft Wrought and Cast-Iron Self Sharpener; the Deep Tiller Sod; the fiat furrow ditto; the premium New York, Nos. 18, 19, 191, 20, 21 and 22; the subsoil and hill side Ploughs of every va-

Cullicators, Harrows, Cast Iron Field Rollers.
Pierson's Pennack's & Sinclair's Wheat Drills.
Hussey's and McCormick's Reaping and Mowing Machines.

TANNING MILLS. Corn Shellers. Single and double Spout (price \$10 to \$16.) also the large Cylindrical at \$30 and \$50; and latter warranted to shell from 800 to 1000 bushels a day. HORSE POWERS,

Sweep and Railway, of various sizes, from \$75 THRESHING MACHIMES, With open and solid wrought iron and oak Cylders-price \$25 to \$60. CORN AND COB CRUSHERS, From \$30 to \$45, warranted to grind from 8 to

THE SEED DEPARTMENT Is supplied with every variety of Field and Garden Seed, all of which are warranted fresh and

PERUVIAN GUANO. Having made arrangments with the Agent of the Peruvian Government for the sale of Peruvian Guano, for supplies of this article direct from the Chincia Islands, purchasers may rely upon being furnished with a pure No. 1 quality, at lowest Bal-All goods delivered in Washington or Georgetown, free of charge, and orders by mail promptly attended to. FITZHUGH COYLE,

National Agricultural and Seed Warehouse. Iron Building, sign of the Golden Plough and Eagle, 7th street, Washington city. March 18, 1852.

Fashionable Clothing. SW. SVALLE. Penn. Avenue, between 9th and 10th Streets. (Next to Mr. Shank's Iron Building,)

Washington, D. C.,
WOLD respectfully say to the citizens of Jefferson and the Vailey generally, that he has enlarged and extended his Clothing Establishment, making it one of the largest and most extensive Clothing Depots in this part of the country. Its extent is two floors, running 150 feet deep, and employing from 75 to 100 hands, thereby giving employment to our own mechanics and sempstresses and offering goods as low as they can be bought at

I am prepared to make to order, the most fashionable and elegant assortment of CLOTHS. CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS, to be found in this city, at prices as low as those bought at the cheapest ready-made store in Washington, and of superior make and finish. In texture and quality, ail my goods will compare with and all goods purchased, if not found to be as represented, a liberal deduc ion will be made. All Clothing made to order, will be cheerfully taken back if found not to sait.

Constantly on hand a large, general and complete

assortment of Ready-made Clothing at prices to Also at my Establishment three doors East of the National Hotel. The citizens of Jefferson and the Valley, visiting Washington, are respectfully invited to give me a call, as I feel confident they will be amply repaid March 18, 1852-1y.

Fashionable Clothing. READY MADE CLOTHING OF superior quality and most fashionable styles can always be found at

WM. WALL'S CLOTHING WAREHOUSE, Pennsylvania Avenue, 10 doors west of 9th street, SUCH AS

Fine Dress, Sack and Over Coats; Plain, Figored, and Embroidered Silk. Satin, and Cloth Vests; Fine Black and Fancy Cassimere Pants; Also, a large and superior Stock of Gentlemen's Under Wear, of all Qualities; White and Colored Kid and other Gloves; Handkerchiefs. Scarfs, Cravats, Hosiery, &c.

Pianos! Pianos!!

TO BURNAME WALL. Pennsylvania Agenue, between 9th and 10th street. Washington, D. C.,

OULD invite particular attention to his assortment of superior PIANOS, manufactured by the most celebrated makers in the United States, Messrs. Nunns & Clark, New York, to whom was awarded the highest Premium at the

World's Fair, for their seperior and brilliant toned

The above instruments can be had of the subscriber at manufacturers prices, and warranted second to none in the United States. March 18, 1852.

Flour and Commission Business. THE undersigned, late of the firm of WOOD 1 & DANNER, Winchester, Virginia, takes this opportunity to extend to you his heartfelt thanks for jour liberal patronage whilst a residen of that place, and begs leave to inform you that he has taken the large Four-Story Warehouse, No. 1 South Howard Street, with a view of doing a general and exclusive FLOUR AND COMMIS-SION BUSINESS. His location is a good one for the Sale of FLOUR and all other kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE. His experience and knowledge of Business are such as to flatter him that you will give him your patronage He will give strict attention to the Perchase of Plaster, Salt, Fish, Groceries, Guano, &c., and his | all collections, and returns made promptly. knowledge of the wants of your community, are

such that he feels warranted in assuring rou, that if you will favor him with an order, it will be promptly and faithfully executed.

MICHAEL DANNER. Baltimore, April 22, 1852.

Hats! Hats!! Hats!!!

STRANGERS visiting the city, will find it to their advantage to give MCPHAIL & BROTHER'S, 132 BALTIMORE St., next to Clipper Office, ASSORTMENT OF HATS & CAPS. an examination before purchasing. They are determined to sell tow for CASH, or on reasonable

terms to those who buy to sell. Country Merchants and Hatters, will always and OUR HATS of the Latest Style. We are also manufacturing Hats in the Rough, to which we in, tethe attention of Conatry Hatters. Man. 4, 1852.

TO THE PUBLIC.

April 18, 1851.

Fruit. RESH Oranges, Lemons, Figs and Raisins, instructived by EBY & SON. [just received by

MISS JENNET AVIS RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Charlestown and its vicinity that she has just received from Baltimore, the latest Spring and Summer Fashions, for Silk and Straw

BONNETS. She most respectfully invites the Ladies to call and examine her materials, &c. She has on hand some beautiful Pattern Bonnets, and Bloomer Hats, for Children, something next and tasty. She solicits a portion of the public patronage, and pledges herself to make every exertion to please all who at all times at the residence of E. D. Young, near the Methodist Church Bleaching and Renovating Hats and Bonnets, done in the best style and at the shortest notice.-

April 29, 1852-2m. A CARD. Type undersigned have formed a partnership in the legal profession. They will attend the County and Superior Courts of Berkeley, Jefferson, Morgan, and Frederick, and the Superior Courts of the special special

Call and examine

Martinsburg, April 8, 1859-19 THOMAS C. GREEN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PRACTICES in Jefferson and Hampshire counties, and will attend premptly to all business that may be entrusted to his care.

Office the one recently occupied by Wm. Lucas. March 18, 1852. WM. T. DAUGHERTY, Attorney at Law and Notary Public, HARPERS-FERRY, VA., PRACTICES in the Courts of this and the ad-joining Counties, and will take Affidavits,

Depositions and the acknowledgement of Deeds, anywhere in Jefferson County; and will also prorest foreign bills of exchange. Feb. 21, 1851.—Spirit. UNITED STATES HOTEL.

Corner of King St. and the Public Square, MARTINSBURG, VA. THE undersigned tenders her cordial thanks to her triends and the public, for their past liberal encouragement, and respectfully solicits a contianance of the same. Her house is about to undergo a thorough repair, and she pledges herself that nothing shall be wanting to make the United tates Hotel a pleasant and agr MARY ODEN.

Baweins motel, Corner of Queen and Burk Streets, MARTINSBURG, VA.

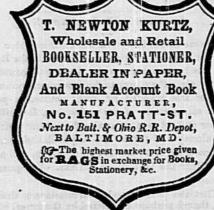
THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the Hotel formerly . nown as the "Berkeley House." The House has recently unlergone a thorough renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect adapted to the wants of the

A large and commodious Stable is attached to the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be surpassed by none, and the DAR is at all times surplied with a choice selection of superior wines and BAGGAGE taken to and from the Depot free of charge, and in bad weather a Carriage will run to March 11, 1852-1y. Proprietor.

CITY HOTEL. CORNER OF WALL & MAIN STREETS,

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA. THE nearest Hotel in the City to the Depots of L the Central & Danville Raid Road and the | ruddy cheek. James River Steamers. T. M. B. ROY, Proprietor.

ASSISTANTS WM. JACQ. TAYLOR. WM. WILLIAMSON.



CHEAP CASH STORE. THE subscriber is opening in Mr. Rawlins' A Store-House, on Main street, A new Dry Goods and Ready-Made CLOTEING STORE, Including Fancy Goods, Jewelry, and Varieties.

He will sell at the very lowest price for Cash or Country Produce, and respectfully requests Ladies and Gentlemen to call and examine his goods, ISAAC ROSE. Charlestown, April 22, 1852.

NOTICE. TINCINHELLER & LETORT, having discontinued the Saddle and Harness Making business in Charlestown, respectfully request that all persons indebted to them would call immediately upon C. G. Bragg, who has their accounts, and settle the same. J. Vincinheller, still carries on Martinsburg, where he will be happy to fill all orders from Jefferson and adjoining counties. Orders prompt attention, as well as all others. January 15, 1852,-tf.

The Bank of the Union. (Brown's Marbie Building, Washington, D. C.)

DISCOUNTS and COLLECTS DRAFTS on the GOVERNMENT the GOVERNMENT; buys and sells Stocks on Commission; deals in all kinds of Uncurrent Money, and sells DRAFTS and CHECKS on the principal cities of the Union at moderate rates. A commission of only one-fourth per cent, charged for R. H. GALLAHER, President. S. W. MARSH, Cashier. March 11.

War Declared against Cuba. SINCE in the course of human events, &c., &c., it becomes necessary that every man should follow some vocation, whereby to gain an honest livelihood, therefore I will hereby declare and make known to a generous public, that I am now carry-

Saddlery & Harness Making, in all of its various branches, and am prepared to put up as good work and at as short notice, and on Virginia. Come one, come all and see me before purchasing, and I will do you good. HIDES .- The highest cash price paid for all kinds of Green and Cored Hides. EDWARD SMITH. Harpers-Ferry, Oat. 23, 1851 High street.

Dying.

THE subscriber has permanently settled in Winchester, and will attend to Dying Ladies' Dresses, Shawls, &c., and every description of goods in their line. Gentlemen's Garments reno-

TN connexion with my business as Constable, I offer my services as AUCTIONEER in this part of the County—those disposed to natronise me can leave word with the editor, or write to me at Cherles wwn, Jefferson county, Va. All business will be promptly attended to.

C. G. BRAGG, Constable.

April 18, 1851.

Gentlemen's Garments renovated and redyed, and he warrants to give satisfaction. Any article sent to the care of Mr. Jacob Sensenev will receive prompt attention.

E. Ladies will be careful to have their Dresses properly ripped.

July 10, '51—1y

J. H. TICKELL.

Notice: Notice.

I DO hereby notify the Public, that they must not trespasson my premises in fature by shooting, &c. If they so do they may expect to have the law enforced against them to the rismost extent.

May 27, 1832. SAMUEL D. BRYARLY.

POETRY decided tone of voice: BEAUTIPUL THOUGHT.

The more we live, more brief appear Our life's succeeding stages; A day to childhood seems a year, And years like passing ages. The gladsome current of our youth, Ere passion yet disorders, Steals, lingering, like a river smooth, Along its grassy borders. But as the care-worn cheek grows w

Ye stars that measure life to man! Why seem your courses quicker? When joys have lost their bloom and breath, And life itself is vapid; Why as we reach the Falls of Death, Feel we its tide more rapid? Time's course to dower specific change and sett our nosons bleeding.

And scrow's shalls fly thicker,

Heaven gives our years of fading strength Indemnifying fleetness; And those of youth a SLEMING LENGTH, Proportioned to their sweetness.

SHE DIED IN BEAUTY. She died in beauty !- like a rose, Blown from its parent stem; She died in beauty !- like a pearl, Dropt from some diadem,

She died in beauty !- like a by Along a moonlit lake; She died in beauty !-like the song Of birds among the brake. She died in beauty !- like the mow On flowers dissolved away;

She died in beauty !- like a star

Lost on the brow of day. She lives in glory !- like night's gems Set round the silver moon; She lives in glory !- like the sun Amid the blue of June.

MISCELLANY.

THE WIDOW'S WILL.

BY REV. A. M. SCOTT. It was a bitter night The snow had been tense that little business of any kind had been prosecuted by the industrious and enterprising citizens of the village. Night had succeeded day. The snow and sleet were still descending, and the spirit of the storm seemed to howl around the house, and through the fields and orchards and forests, and among the distant mountains.

Mr. Rowland had returned from his counting house at an earlier hour than usual. Supper had been served, and the family had gathered around the sparkling fire -The children had been put to bed in an adjoining apartment, and the infant was sleeping in the cradle under the immediate notime of its mother. Mr. Bowland was readwould make some remarks relative to the severity of the weather. Mrs. R. was parting the flaxen curls upon the head of the sleeping babe, and occasionally she imprinted the warm kiss of maternal affection upon its

Suddenly some one rapped at the door .-It was opened, when a little girl of about seven years old was admitted. Her seanty dress was tattered and torn, a ragged quilt thrown around her slender shoulders and a | Eliza Cook's Journal. pair of miserable old shoes upon her feet .-She was almost frozen. 'You are the widow Watkins' little daugh-

ter!' said Mrs. Rowland, inquiringly. The little girl answered in the affirmative, and added that her Ma was sick, and wished Mr. Rowland to step over and see her for | sue it steadily, never looking back to the

she thought she would surely die. Mr. Rowland owned the place on which the sick woman resided. She was very indigent, and but poorly able to pay the extravagant rent which the unfeeling owner exacted. The property was once her husband's, or rather her own, being a gift from her father on the very day of her wedding. Mr. Watkins was wealthy when a young man, and was educated for the bar, and no one seemed more likely to be successful in his profession. He and Mr. Rowland were associates. The latter, a few years before the period at which we now find him, had commenced the nefarious traffic in ardent spirits-had grown rich-had induced Watkins to drink-made him drunk, and by degrees a drunkard; and when the poor besetted victim was unable to pay his debts, contracted mostly for rum, but partly by neglecting his professional duties, he, his former associate, his pretended friend, his destrover, was the first to deery and oppress him. His horses and oxen were sold by the sheriff, next his household and kitchen fur- rich, inestimably rich in self resources, and niture were seized, and finally a mortgage | can lift his face proudly to meet the noblest was given to Rowland upon the homestead among men. of the drunkard, to secure the rum dealer in lest with I. N. Cartez, in Charlestown, shall receive | the payment of a pitiful balance in his favor.

This calamity did not check the prodigal liquid poison, and still did the heartless dealto sink lower into wretchedness and shame. A few weeks after, he was one morning found dead in the street. He had left the grocery

travegant rate of rent. Mental anguish, excessive labor, want of proper nourishment, and exposure had well nigh worn her out, as accommodating terms as any one in the State of and she was fast sinking into the grave, where the weary are at rest. No one had been near her; no one seemed to care for her-in fact it was not known even to her nearest neighbors that she was sick.

Mr. Rowland felt anxious only for his rent, there being at that time a small sum due. And perhaps it is owing to that he so readily consented to accompany the little girl to the room of her sick mother. He drew on his overcoat, and tied a woollen comforter round his neck, drew on his gloves and taking his unbrella, set out through the drifting snow and sleet, and bent his way to the widow's uncomfortable home. He found her lying on a miserable bed of

Aicrofilm Collection

straw, with her head slightly elevated, the only shair belonging to her house being placed under her pillow. She was pale and ghastly, and evidently near the hour of distory and evidently near the house pale and fits: if you grant a favor, receive one remember it.

rude wooden stool, she said, in a feeble but

I have sent for you, sir, to pay me a visit, that I may make you the heir te my estate. My estate? I knew you are ready to ask what estate I have to bequeath. And well may you ask that. I was once happy. This house was ones raine; it was my father's gift-my wedding portion I had horses and oxen, and cows and sheep, and orchards and meadows. Twas you who induced my poor erring husband to drink .-It was you who placed before him the liquid poison, and pressed him to take it 'Twas you that took away my horses and cows, and meadows and orchards, and my own home. Twas you that ruised my peace, destroyed my husband, and in the very noon of life ent him down to a drunkerd's dishonored rave. Twas you that made me a beggar. and east my poor starving babes upon the not want - ver illass were mund it opention you my estate. Here, sir, as my last will and testament, I do bequeath to you this vial of tears. They are tears that I have shed-tears that you have caused. Take this vial; wear it about your vile person; and when hereafter you present the flowing bowl to the lips of a husband and father, remember that you are inheriting another vial of widow's tears."

An hour more, and the poor widow, the widow of a thousand sorrows, the once favored child of fortune, the once lovely and wealthy bride, the once affectionate wife and devoted young mother, lay cold and senseless in death, and her soul had been summoned to that God who has said, " Vengeance is mine, and I will repay."

THE WORDS OF SONG.

The majority of the stanzas are a little above mere rhyme, and we involuntarily smile as we think of "music" wedded to immortal verse." Any one who can but heart" and "part" into measured length, alternated with "love" and "prove," seems | die, and the feer of death will come up in competent to write a "song," and forthwith an unlimited quantity of rubbish is printed. omn, fixed, stern, determined on his work. We find "love" dreadfully overdone; the He hears no cry for pity; he regards no vows, professions, and regrets, in serenades falling in fleecy flights during the greater and tender ballads, are far beyond the texportion of the day, and the cold was so in- ture that ' washes and wears.' Here is a random specimen-Oh, look from the lattice, my lady love, look-

The moon's on the hill, there is light on the brook, But the sky and the water are darkness to me, While I see not the night-star that rises in thee. Don't let any confiding heart be deceived by such declarations; take our word for it, that Cupid is an impudent, hearty, bread-andbutter eating little boy when he is at home, and won't put up with glow worms and dewdrops for supper-not a bit of it! Within a short period the above devotion would change to this-

Don't sit up for me. Sophy, I'm going to meet Two or three pleasant fellows, in Arundel street; And as 'tis uncertain how late it may be, Why perhaps I had better come in with the key. I love thy raven hair.

And never, never shalt thou miss Thy faithful Mary's care. Don't believe it, young man; be fully pre pared to miss a shirt-button now and then. and don't consider yourself unnaturally wronged if you hear something in this strain:

'Tis true I made the sky blue stock You now have round your throat; But as for this, I won't indeed,-I will not mend your coat.

HOW TO MAKE A FORTUNE. Take carnestly hold of life, as capacitated for, and destined to, a high and noble purpose. Study closely the mind's bent for laber or profession. Adopt it early, and purturning furrow but forward to the new ground that ever remains to be broken .-Means and ways are abundant to every man's success, if will and action are rightly adapted to them. Our rich men, and our great men have carved their paths to fortune, and by this eternal principle-a principle that can not fail to reward its votary, if it be resolutely pursued. To sigh or repine over the lack of inheritance, is unmanly. Every man should strive to be a creator instead of inheritor. He should bequeath instead of borrow. The human race, in this respect wants diguity and discipline. It prefers to wield the sword of valorous forefathers, to forging its own weapons. This is mean and ignoble spirit. Let every man be conscious of the power in him and the providence over him, and use his own good lance. Let him feel that it is better to carn a crust than to inherit coffers of gold. This spirit of self nobility once learned, and every man will discover within himself, under God, the clements and capacities of wealth. He will be

PARENTAL TEACHING.

If parents would not trust a child upon career of the incbriate. He still quaffed the | the back of a wild horse without a bit or bridle, let there not permit him to go forth uner hold out inducements to prevail upon him | skilled in self government. If a child is passionate teach him by gentle means to curb his temper. If he is greedy, cultivate liberality in him. If he is sulky, charm at a late hour the preceding night, in a state | him out of it by frankness and good humor. of intoxication. The night was dark and he If he is indolent, accustom him to exertion, probably missed his way-fell into a gutter | and train him so as to perform even onerous -found himself unable to get out-and, be- duties with alacrity. If pride comes in to ing stupified with rum, he went to sleep and | make his obedience reluctant, subdue him by council or discipline. In shortgive your Rowland in a short time foreclosed the children the habit of overcoming their bemortgage, and the home of the drunkard's setting sins. Let them acquire from expewife became the legal property of the man rience that confidence in themselves which who had destroyed her peace, and reduced gives security to the practiced horseman, her to beggary and want. He permitted her even on the back of a high strung steed, and to remain on the premises, exacting an ex- they will triumph over the difficulties and dangers which beset them in the path of

A SALUTARY PHOUGHT.-When I was young, there lived in our neighborhood a man who was universally reported to be very liberal and uncommonly upright in his dealings. When he had any of the produce of his farm to dispose of, he made it an invariable rule to give good maesure, over good, rather more than could be required of him. One of his friends observing his frequently doing so questioned him why he did it, told him he gave too much, and said it would not be to his advantage. Now, my friends, mark the answer "God Almighty has permitted me but one journey through the world, and when gone. I cannot return to rectify mistakes." Think of this, friends, only one journey through the world.

Forget injuries and remember benefits: if you grant a favor, forget it; if you DEATH WILL COME.

The Rev. Albert Barnes, in an able discourse in the October number of the National Preacher, hol's the following graphic language in illustration of

We are for the following laughable of the den by a man from Arkansaw.

sketch dimirably illustrative of the chargesketch dimirably illustrative of the chargethe above declaration It is of a conscientious voter an up and " Death will come; he will certainly come to, no-favor party man. He cannot be evaded; he cannot be put any slower Ob, he will come! All that the year 1830, polities ran very lives on earth will die—every beast, bird and high in Arkansas. Col. A. H. Sevier vas creeping thing: the humming him and high the for the office of delegate to Cona candidate for the effice of delegate to Congress, and Ben. Desha was his opponent. creeping thing; the humming bird, the Judge Andrew Scott was a warm friead sect that flatters in the sunbeam; the, of Desha, and utterly hostile to Sevier. He tree and shrub and flower - the oak, the the had a neighbor, living about fifteen miles from him, on the 'far' side of Gallery creek, the acacia, the moss that grows f every wall; every inonarch, every pease ery mar, named Logan, commonly called 'Stuttering slave, every master of a slave very man, every woman, every child every and his Jim Logan, who was exactly wice wersy that prides himself on all knors and his wealth; every roung man that prides himself on his strength; every maiden that prides have the strength; every maiden that prides have the dead; I see not a living thing in all my rambles that will not discover many respectively. in his politics; and so frequent had been their encounters, that the two neighbors had come One pleasant merning in the spring, whoe the sun shone out warmly, and all nature was green and fresh after a heavy rain of will not die-no man, no woman, no child two or three days' duration, Logan was no bird, no beast, no plant, no tree. The down from his house, through the little eagle that cuts the air cannot fly above it; strip of Creek bottom : to the bank of the the monster of the deep cannot dive below creek, and sat himself down, on a 'lick-log,' it : the tiny insect cannot make itself so in musing, perhaps, as Col. Jack McCarthy ignificant that death will not notice once said on the evan then he of all thubinleviathan cannot, with his great streng nary thingeth.' struggle against it. The Christian will die The creek was about twenty yards wide, the sinner will die-yea, the sinner! Your and the rain had raised it, so that it was wealth cannot save you; your accomplishswimming, covered with foam, and running ments cannot save you. Death cares for like a mill-race with a full head of water .none of these things; they are all trifles-Where the road crossed on the edge of which gewgaws beneath his notice. He so more Logan was sitting was the only opening in loves a shining mark" than an ignoble one; the woods, which fringed the stream ca each side. Above and below the trees leaned a he has no more pride in cutting down the rich man than the poor man-the daughter ver, and their branches hung gracefully in of beauty and fashion than the daughter of the water, and swung to and fro in the swife ugliness and sin. He loves to level the thistle as well as the rose-bud; the bramble After Logan had set there a little while as the magnelia; the brier as the cedar of Judge Scott came riding down the road on Lebanon. He cares as little for the robes of the other side, but halted when he reached ermine as for the beggar's rags; as little for the water's edge, and looked across, without your richest vestments and gayest apparel saying anything, but looking as if he as for the blankets of the savage. You will shrick of terror. He comes steady, certain,

world, and will be in the dark valley. Death

awful, unspeakably awful, if you are not?

CURIOUS SCENE.

-Yes. Wife-And can I do so? Mr.

Corrie-Yes. Wife-Oh! then that's all

right. (Laughter.) Applicant-I'll take

good care I'll not get married again. I

THE DOCTOR'S OPINION.

A self sufficient humbug, who took up

the business of a physician, and pretended to

a deep knowledge of the helving art, was

once called to visit a young man afflicted

and eyes heavenward at the same time,

"yes. I do say so; there arn't no hope, not

"In his lost frontis, and he can't be cared

ble, if not more; thirdly and lastly, his so-

lar ribs are in a confused state, and he aint

IF An Irishman, who was very hear-

sighted, being about to fight a duel, insisted

that he should stand six paces neares his

antagonist than the other did to him land

that they were both to fire at the some time.

This beats Sheridan's telling a fat man who

ter's slim figure ought to be chalked on the

other's portly person, and if the bullet his

him outside of the mark, it was to go for

Polish for Editors -The education rices-

sary to qualify an Arkansas editor for the

duties of his chice is the following: I'wo

vent to the following sublime opinion :

"Where?" cried the startled wife.

"I think he's a gone feller."

"do not say that."

in his lost frontis-"

got out of sight.

thought, 'llang you, if it's swimming, why don't you sa so?" Logan took out his jackknife, split a piece off from the lick log and commenced whitling it, looking steadily across towards Scott all the while. Logan was a large, steut, heavy looking unchanged and unchangeable in his purpose, man, Scott, small, wiry, passionate, petato take you from your bed of down; to hurry lant, and as brave as a bull-dog. you from your splendid dwelling; to call After waiting a moment-for each hated you out of the assembly-room-taking you the other too much to speak-Scott lightenaway from your companions, that will miss ed the reins and rode into the water. Ein you for a moment, and then resume their horse had not taken more than six steps bedance, that you may die. Death will come. fore kerchug ! he plunged in over head sad He has been advancing towards you ever ears. In a moment more Scott was washed since you began to breathe. He has kept on from his back, the rider went one way, she his way, always advancing to meet you, while horse the other, and the saddle-bags a third. you have been asleep or awake; and if you The horse turned towards the side which he have gone north, or south, or east, or west,

went in, and got ashore some little way behe has always put himself into your pathlow the saddle-bags floated down the stream. how near or how remote, you have never and Scott managed to reach Logan's side of known. Death will come. He has always of the creek, and caught hold of the swingbeen advancing, never receding; and soon ing limb of a sycamore which tiped into the his baneful shadow will fall upon your path. And that shadow will deepen and become 'Hain Logan " cried Scott. 'I shall 'S s s say you'll v v vote for Sevier !' bawlyou, between you and the light of the living

ed Logan.

'Help, Logan! Help! I shall drown ! will come-fearful enough under any kir-Help! cumstances, even if you are a Christian-'S s s say you'll v-v-vote for Sevier! again bawled Logan, not rising from the lick-

Just then the sycamore limb snapped and The following is a scene at Clerkenwell, the same moment Scott sung outin London :- A young man applied to Mr. 'I'll see you d-d first you infernal old Corrie, and cooly said-Please your worrascal!' and away he swept round the tree, ship, I wish to know whether it is lawful and out of sight below. for a man to marry his aunt! (A laigh)

Luckily, the current made a sweep below, Mr. Corrie, (smiling)-It is a most extraoreddying round in the concavity of the upper dinary question. Have you married your edge of a sand-bar upon which Scott was aunt? Applicant-Yes, my mother's sisflung, and scrambled out. He walked up the ter. (Laughter) Mr. Corrie-How old bank, and towards Logan sputtering with are you? Applicant-Nineteen. Mr. Corrage, and streaming with water. Luckily rie-And what age is your wife? Applihe had no weapons but a pistol, and that, of cant-Twenty. Mr. Corrie said that such course, was unfit for service; and Logan was a marriage was certainly illegal, according too big to be whipped by him in a fist fight. to the Scriptures; and he referred to Le-'D-o'n-t !' cried Scott, as he got pretty viticus and the Common Praver Book. "he near him, ' do you stop to ask a man how he's wife, a good looking young woman, here going to vote before you save him from said-He is a fool; I am willing to do everydrowning ?'

thing to make him comfortable. Applicant Logan never stopped whitling, but look--I can't live with her, she has got such a ing composedly up, slowly said bad temper. Wife-If the marriage is ille-'Eevery g.g.gentleman has a right to vve vote of he likes, and d-d-drown when he gal, and he leaves me, is he not bound to support me? Mr. Corrie-Oh, no. Wife likes; and I d-don't suppose anybody's Then can be marry again? Mr. Corrie bound to dive into the creek, to f-fish out a vote to k-k-kill his own."

An olderly lady, telling her age vemarked that she was born on the 22d of have had enough of it for the last six mouths. April. Her husband, who was present. ob-(Loud Laughter.) The applicant then left served-"I always thought you were born the court, followed by his aunt wife, who on the first of April." "People might well continued abusing her nephew until hey judge so," responded the matron, "in the choice I made for a husband."

A covetous, but very vain nobleman. employed an architect to erect for him a splendid masoleum. When it was finished, he said to the builder, 'Is there anything' wanted to complete it? 'Nothing but your lordship's corpse,' replied the architect.

with the apoplexy. Bolus gazed long and Wesley says: "When I was young. hard, felt his pulse and pocket, looked at I was sure of every thing. In a few years. his tongue and his wife, and finally gave having been mistaken a thousand times, I was not half so sore of things as I was before. At present, I am hardly sure of anything but what God has revealed to man." "No. no I' exclaimed the sorrowing wife, "Yes," returned Bolus, lifting up his hat

A Cautious Fellow .- A few days ago, in Berwick, Me., a good honest country fellow was looking at the telegraph with astquish the least mite he's got an attack of nihil fit ment. A passer by asked him what he thought of it. 'Wall I don't know exactly,' replied the fellow, but I am sure they won't get me to ride on the darned thing-them without some trouble and a great deal of wires and posts would tear my breeches." pains. You see his whole planetary system

is deranged; fustly, his vox populi is pres-sin' on his advalorom; secondly, his cu-our Susan gets choked some day.'—Why, my tacarpial cutaneous has swelled considera- son? Because her bear twisted his arms around her neek, and if she had not kissed him to let her go, he would have strangled get any money, consequently he's bound to her the other night!

To ascertain whether a woman is passionate or not, take a muddy dog into ber parlor, or squirt tobacco juice on her store hearth. A wife may ascertain her husband's equanimity, by using his best clothes brush to clean her gaiters with. was going to fight a thin one, that the lat-

young man 'sat up with her,' she felt as it a sweet briar was climbing up her chair, while honey suckles so, hid the legs of the table, that she thought she was in Paradise re-

New Jersey school house: 'No kissing the girls in school times: No licking the master during bellidays.

months' practice with a hair-trigger rice, at could cure him but a quart of catmin ten 53.
Then I must die, 'said he' I don't hald.

n target 100 paces distant: six weeks' practice in swinging a two foot bowie knife six or seven months' exparience in gouging, car biting, and rough and tumble kicking, at an

Welnesday, June 16, being the day appointed for the meeting of the Whig National Coavention to select candidates of the Whig Party for President and Vice President of the United States, e Delegates composing the Convention, and repele at the Great Hall of the Maryland Institute

to or more before the time appointed for openefactivention, so that by noon almost every Mr opeared to be in his sent, tion to age C. Mergan, of Maryland, and Mr. Deager of New York, rose signaltane-

Evans, of Maine, the hour of twelve having Ment's chair. The proposition we temporarily to the Presand same negative vi.

When quiet had been red, amidst loud ap Convention in an appropriate afform. The Passibent, pro ten, then, addressed the business to be performed would be at the first of a provisional Secretary, and in at the first vention to nominate some person to perfore Con-

Mr. Lucas, of Alabama, nominated Mr. Mr. Lucas, of Alabama, nominated Mr. Upros, of Louislana, as temporary Screen which nomination was nonlimously confirmed. Gorolina, was elected Assistant Secretary,

The question was taken on the motion of Mr. Brathead to appoint a committee to select permaner coffeers, and it was agreed to.

mittee to be popointed in the same manner as the committee just chosen. This motion he regarded as nocessary. He desired to know who were entitled to seats and who were not. The Convention could never arrive at any conclusion unless a Committee on Credentials was formed, and hence he made the motion.

The motion was agreed to, and the committee Mr. Cabell, of Florida, moved that the committee to nominate permanent officers be allowed to retire.

The motion was agreed to, and the committee ac
Evening Session, June 17, 6 o'clock, P. M. The motion was agreed to, and the committee accordingly retired.

Mr. Talcott, of New York, rose to say that all the members of the New York delegation had not their credentials in the hall, some of them having been left at the hotels; so that it would be impossible to present them at that instant. He therefore moved that the Convention adjourn until 7 o'clock

Several voices: "Oh no, five o'clock!" "Five; five," and "six, six!" Mr. Talcott accepted the amendment, and suggested whether it would not be most convenient for the Convention to pursue the ordinary course, and

permit the Chairman of the Delegation of each State to present the credentials of the members from such State to the Committee on Credentials? Mr. Jones, of Tennessee, suggested that the Committee on Credentials should meet on the platform after the adjournment, and fix a time and place for The suggestion was adopted, and at haif-past

twelve o'clock the Convention add again at six o'clock in the evening. During the evening session the Committee on Credentials were not ready to report, but promised a report the next morning.

The Committee on Organization submitted a report nominating permanent officers for the Convention, which, after some debate, was unanimously adopted. The following are the officers: PRESIDENT.

9d J. G. Chapman, Maryland. VICE-PRESIDENTS.

M. D. Appleten, Maine. G. W. Merideth, New Hampshire. C. Coledge, Vermont. . Sprague, Massachusetts R. B. Cranston, Rhode Island. S. D. Hubbard, Connecticut. E. P. Cowles, New York. James Stewart, New Jersey.

Ichn Stroghm, Pennsylvania. C. C. Layton, Delaware, F. P. Phelps, Maryland. William L. Goggin, Virginia. A. H. Sheppard, N. Carolina. W. Whaley, South Carolina. Grantland, Georgia. J. S. Vanwmale, 12 arsing.

J. S. Williams, Kentucky. W. H. Speed, Tennessee Milton Stapp, Indiana. Benjamin Edwards, Illineis. J. G. Miller, Missouri. W. H. Gaines, Arkansas. J. M. Edward, Mich gan. J. M. Hernandez, Florida.

J. N. Murry, Texas. McKinney, lowa. T. E. Arnold, Wisconsin. Richard Heath, California SECRETARIES R. A. Upton, Louisiana. J. A. Bryan, N. Carolina

I. M. Bailard, Iowa. W. F. Stewart, California, S. C. Kmikel, Penn. W. C. Worthington, Va. N. C. Perkin, Connecticut G. W. Meaker, Illinois. W. Thompson, Michigan. G. W. Dunlass, Kentucky

I Morrell Vermont G. P. Fisher, Delaware. Gen. Chapman, on taking the chair, addressed a few remarks to th Convention, urging upon its members the observance of a spirit of compromise

Prayer was then offered by the Rev. T. H And, at half-past seven o'clock, the convention adjourned to 12 o'clock on Thorsday. SECOND DAY'S PROCEEDINGS, June 17.

The Convention was called to order precisely at 12 M., by Hon. J. G. CHAPMAN. President, and opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Atkinson, of St. Peter's Episcopal Church. The journal of the previous day's proceedings Mr. Cabell, of Florida, offered a resolution that

the rules of the House of Representatives of the United States, so far as they are applicable, be adopted for the government of the Convention. Mr. Welsh, of Ohio, moved to take up the resolation offered by himself vesterday, which was the same as that of Mr. Cabell, with the addition that it prescribed the mode of voting, and that no State should have a larger vote in the Convention than it was entitled to in the Electoral College.

Mr. Bransford, of Kentucky, offered a series of rules prescribing the mode of voting. Mr. Cabell offered his resolution as a substitute. and arged the necessity of adopting rules before they attempted to define the mode in which the States should vote.

Mr. Davis, of Florida called for a division of the question. A debate was kept up for some time on the subject, in which a number of Delegates participated. Whilst it was going on Mr. Watts, of Va , Chairman of the Committee on Credentials, asked leave to report progress, and the consent of the House for

the Committee to sit whilst the Convention was in session. Granted. Mr. Botts, of Virginia, offered a resolution preecribing the mode of voting, regulating the cote of the States by the representation to which eac., will be entitled in the next Electoral College, a vote by States to be taken whenever a division was called for: the rules of the House of Representatives as far no practicable being adopted for the government

of the Convention. This resolution was accepted by the movers of the other resolutions and adopted unanimously Mr. Duncan, of Louisiana, offered the following

Resolved. That a Committee, to consist of one member from each State in the Unior represented in this Conven-tion, be appointed, whose duty it shall be to draft a se-ries of resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the Whigs of the Union on the great doctrines cherished by them or otherwise a Platform of principles to be maintaiaed by the Whigs in the coming caropa ga-Resolved. That the members of said committee be selected by the delegation from each State—each State represented appointing its own member, and the com-

mittee to appoint its own continuan.

Resolved, That the Convention will not proceed to ballet for or otherwise nominate a candidate for President or Vice President until said committee shall have reported and this Convention shall have taken find ac-

previous question, the first resolution was adopted. | interview execution, and that all powers not thus granted or Yeas 193, nays 97. Mr Botts moved that the vote | necessarily implied are expressly reserved to the States

he reconsidered, and that that motion he laid upon she table, which was agreed to. The question then recurred on the adoption of the second resolution, namely: That the members of said committee be selected by the delegates from

of mid committee be selected by the delegates from each State, each State appointing its own member, and the committee to appointing its own chairman.

Mr. Jessup, of Petusylvania, said that as the first business to be transacted by the committee, it was an act of justice to the large States that they should have a proper representation on the committee. He therefore moved an amendment, as follows: "And that in said committee each member is agreed to cast the number of votes to which each State is entitled in the Electeral College."

I.bestics."

3. Unat while struggling feeedam, everywhere, entities the warmest sympathy of the Whig parfy, we still either to the doctrines of the Fathership for self-edition, everywhere, entities the warmest sympathy of the Whig parfy, we still either to the doctrines of the Fathership for an amendment, as an act of justice to the large States that they countries, and of never quitting our own to strong upon farcing ground. That our mission are Republic is not to propriet our opinions, or impose on other countries our form if government, by artifice or force, but to teach by example, and show by our success, moderation and instructions.

A vote by States was comunded, when Evant, of Maire, Inquired whether, in case, of a civiced delegation, the chairman of it would report Etates for or against a proposition, or the majority of the votes of the delegates only. The President replied that it was not a question

Mr. Evans--It is then for the Convention to de-The President said he thought so. Mr Evans moved that the number for and against in each State, he reported. Mr. Loomis of Pennsylvania said, the dimenty

consided in this: when you ask for instance Virginia to be placed in the affirmative or negative, how many of her delegates are to voic. Mr. Bous replied-Virginia is entitled to fifteen votes, and each district has three Delegates .-These Designtes consult together, and give the vote of the district, so as to cast but one vote. Mr. Loamis expressed himself perfectly content with the explanation, so far as Virginia was con-

The President repeated that, under the rules which have been adopted, he thought it competent for gentlemen of every delegation to record their on either in the affirmative or negative. After further proceeding the vote was taken on it was declared adopted by year 149, nays 141.

Mr. Ewing, of Kentuchy, proposed to amend the resolution under const detetion as follows: Resolved. That the Committee be constituted of one delegate from each State, selected by the delegates from On motion, Mr. James W. Bayan, of North He said it differed from the original resolution in sirolina, was elected Assistant Bayan, of North He said it differed from the original resolution in

Mr. Brothead, of Missouri, moved that a committee of one from each delegation be appointed for the purpose of reporting permanent officers for real districts and overwhelming strength of Pennsylvan vast and overwhelming strength of measure be chow acted. But it is a species of ty-ranny to allow above saiority to cast the 25 votes of New York, and the 27 of Pennsylvania on the The States were thereupon respectively called, as a semilitee of one from each State he appointed to receive and examine the credentials of members of the other, thus overwhelming a half that the committee of one from each State he appointed to receive and examine the credentials of members of the other, thus overwhelming a half the credentials of members of the other, thus overwhelming a half the credentials of members of the other, thus overwhelming a half the credentials of members of the other, thus of the other, the credential of the other, the credential of the other than the crede the Convention when it shall assemble, said com- and by adopting it every delegate has weight -He trusted the amendment of Mr. Ewing would be

Mr. Morton, of Flor da, said there could be no harmonions action until the Committee on Credentials shall make their report and the Convention not upon it. For the purpose of giving to the Committee time for deliberation he moved that the Convention adjourn until to-morrow at eleven The motion was negatived, and then, at 2 o'clock,

The Convention was called to order at 6 o'clock, when the journal of the morning was read. The President stated the question before the body

to be on the substitute offered by Mr Ewing for econd r solution of Mr. Duncan, as given in he former proceedings, and which resolution had been amended by Mr. Jessup. Mr. Ewinn's substitute is as follows: Resolved, That the committee shall consist of one delegate from each State, selected by the delegates of said

Mr. Jessup moved to amend this as follows: That each member of said Committee on Resolutoral College.

This was in substance the same amendment which had been adopted as an amendment to Mr. Duncan's resolution A point of order having been raised, the Chair decided the amendment of Mr. Jessup to be out of | tion of the platform, and resulted as follows-year

Mr. Loomis, of Pennsylvania, argued again

the decision of the Chair. Atter some confusion the amendment was again read and the Chair re versed its decision, deciding the ame dment to Atter a warm discussion, participated in b Messes. Jessup, Stanard, Dawson and Ashmun,

motion to adjourn to give the commit ee on Cre dentials further time, was made by Mr. Ashmun until to morrow morning at 10 o'clock, which wa THIRD DAY'S PROCEEDINGS, JUNE 18. The Convention was called to order at 10 o'clos by the President, Gen. Chapman, and prayer offe

ed by the Rev. Mr. Hamner, of Baltimore, The President stated that the question before th body, as pending when the Convention adjourne last night to wit the substitute to the second reso lation of Mr Doncan (heretofore published) which had been amended on motion of Mr. Jessup an which substitute of Mr. Ewing was as follows: Resolved, That the Committee shall consist of one delegate from each State selected by the delegates of

This referred to the appointment of a Committee draft a series of resolutions expressive of the sentiments of the Whigs of the Union, and the great doctrines cherished by them, or otherwise a platform of principles to be maintained by the Whigs in the coming campaign.

Mr. Jessup rose to ask leave to withdraw the amendment which he offered to Mr. Ewing's substitute, proposing that each member of said Committee on Resolutions cast so many votes as the State he represents is entitled to in the Electoral College. To this there was no objection, and the question recurred on the substitute of Mr. Ewing for the second resolution of Mr Doncan. It was agreed to, and the resolution, thus amend-

ed, was adopted. The Chair asked whether the Committee on Credentials was ready to report. He was answered that the Chairman of the Committee was not pres-The Chatr then announced that the Committee

on Resolutions would now be chosen and a motion that the Convention proceed to the election of said Committee was agreed to. The several delegations were then called and the following persons were named to compose the Committee: Maine-Hon. William P. Fessenden.

New Hampshire-Hon. Thomas M. Edwards. Verment-Hon. Carlos Coolidge. Massachusetts-George Ashmun. Rhode Island-Cyrus Harris. Connecticut-Cof. A. G. Hazzard. New York-A. B. Dickenson. New Jersey-Hon. W. L. Dayton Pennsylvania-Hon. Wm. F. Johnston. Delaware-Hon. John M. Clayton. Maryland-Hon Wm. B. Clarke. Virginia-Robert E. Scott. North Carolina-Hen. Nathaniel Boyden. South Carolina-George S. Bryan. Georgia Hou. W. C. Dawson, Alabama—C. C. Langdon.
Mississippi—Gen. A. B. Bradford.
Louisians—G. B. Duncan. Ohio-J. A. Harris. Kentucky-Orlando Brown -Gen. F. A. Zollikoffer. Indiana-John S. Newman. Illinois-Hon. David K. Baker. Missouri-A. B. Chambers. Arkansus-Cen. Thomas S. James. Michigan-George S. Pomroy. Florida-Wai, B. Davis.

Texas-Hon. John R. Ache. lown-S. M. Ballard. Wisconsin -Alexander Spalding.

California-W. Frank Stewart. After the presentation of resolutions to be referred o the Platter's committee, and an incidental disto 5 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION, FRIDAY 18.

The Convertion met at 5 o'clock. The clerk proceeded to read the proceedings of this morning's session. After he had made some progress, on motion the reading was suspended, as innecresary, it being the usual custom to read the proceedings but once a day.

Mr. Ashmun, of Massachusetts, then arose and said he was instructed by the committee on resolutions to present a report from that committee, which he held in his hand, and which he begged to say had after much deliberation of a conciliatory character, conducted in the kindest feelings, been adopted with great, though not entire unanimity .-With the leave of the Chairman he would now take a position in front of the chair, and read the ions be was instructed to present. Mr. A. then read the platform, which was as

THE OFFICIAL PLATFORM OF THE WHIG NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Whigs of the United States, in Convention assembled, firmly advering to the great conservative re-publican principles by which they are controlled and governed, and now, as ever, relying upon the intelligence of the American people, with an abiding confidence in their capacity for self-government, and their continued devotion to the constitution and the Union, do proclaim the following as the political scutiments and determinations, for the establishment and maintenance of which their national organization as a party is effect-

1. The government of the United States is of a limited character, and it is confined to the exercise of powers expressly granted by the constitution, and such as may be respectively wit to the people.

2. The State overnments should be held seeme in their reserved rights, and the General Government sus-

tained in its constitution of powers, and the Union should be revered and watched over as "the palladium of our

4. That where the people make and control the Government, they should obey its constitution, laws and treaties, as day would retain their self-respect, and the respect which they claim and will enforce from foreign 5. Government should be conducted upon principles of the strictest economy, and revenue sufficient for the exenses thereof, in time of peace, ought to be mainly derived from a duty on imports, and not from direct taxes; and in levying such duties sound policy requires a just discrimination and protection from fraud by specific duties, when practicable, whereby suitable encouragement may be assured to American industry, equally to all

classes and to all portions of the country.

6. The Constitution vests in Congress the power to open and repair harbors, and remove obstructions from navigable rivers; and it is expedient that Congress shall exercise that power whenever such improvements are nocessary for the common defence or for the protection and facility of commerce with foreign nations or among the States; such improvements being, in every instance, na-tional and general in their character. 7. The Federal and State Governments are parts of

one system, alike necessary for the common prosperity, peace and security, and ought to be regarded alike, with a cordial, habitual and immovable attachment. Respect for the authority of each, and acquir scence in the esastitu tions! measures of each, are duties required by the plaintest consideration of actional, of State, and of individual

8. The series of acts of the 31st Congress, commonly Anor in the photocolog the voice and the same and the adoption of the amendment of lar. Jessop, and was declared adopted by years 149, nays 141.

It is not not the congression of Keyther and the conversed to amend the ceived and nequiesced in by the Whits of the United States, as a final settlement, in principle and substance, of the subjects to which they relace, and so far as these acts are concerned, we will maintain them, and insist on their strict enforcement, until time and experience shall demonstrate the necessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the laws on the one hand, and the abuse of their powers on the other-not impairing their present efficiency to carry out the requirements of the constitution, and wedeprecate all artheragination of the questions thus settled, as danger us to our peace, and will discountenance all efforts to continue or renew such agitation, whenever, wherever, or however made-and we will maintain this settlement as essential to the na ionality of the Whig party, and the integrity of

J. G. CHAPMAN, of Maryland President of the Whig National Convention.

W. B. Cranston, of Rhode Island: Samuel B. Hubbard, of Coan.; Edward P. Cowles, of New York; James Stewart, of New Jersey; John Strohm, of Pa.; Caleb S. Layton, of Delaware; Francis P. Phelps, of Maryland; Wm. L. Goggin, of Virginia; A. H. Sheppard, of North Carolina; William Whaley, of South Carolina; Seaton Grantland, of Georgia; Thomas J. Frow, of Alabama; Joseph B. Cobb, of Mississippi; J. C. Van Winkle, of Louisiana; Sam'l F. Vinton, of Ohio; John S. Williams, of Kentucky; Win. H. Sneld, of Tenn; Milton Stapp, of Indiana; Benj'a S. Edwards, of Illinois; Hon J. G. Miller, of Mo; Win. H. Gaines, of Arkansas; Jones M. Edwards, of Michigan; Gen Joseph M. Har-nandtz, of Florida; J U N Murray, of Texas; N Mc-Kinney, of Jowa; J E Arnold, of California; and R W Heath, of Wisconsia.

[A True Copy.]

R. A. Upgon, of Louisiana,
Secretary of Whig National Convention.

James W Bryan, of North Carolina; S M Ballard, of Iowa; W.F.Stewart, of California: S.Colfax, of Indiana John C Kunkle, of Pa; Wm C Worthington, of Va; N. S Perkins, of Conn; G W Meeker, of Illinois; Wm Thompson, of Washington; G W Dunlap, of Kentucky; J Murrell, of Vermont, Assistant Secretaries.

The reading of the platform was frequently inrrupted by loud cheers. When the resolution was read affirming the finality of the compromise. the hall fairly shook with the applause of the astions shall be entitled to vote so many vites as the sembled multitude. After order had been in some State which he represents is entitled to in the Elec- measure restored, loud calls were made for Mr. Choate Mr. Choate responded to this call

Speeches were made by Messas, Anderson, Botts, Archer, Dayton and others, when The vote was then taken by States on the adop-228: navs 66:

	, nays 00.							
n.	States.	Age.	Nav.	States.	Aye. 2	Vir		
st	Maine	- 4	4	Mississippi	7			
n.	New Hampshire	5		Louisiana	6			
e-	Vermont	5	No.	Ohio	8	1		
be :	Massachusetts	13		Kentucky	12			
	Rhode I-land	4		Tennessee	12			
	Connecticut	4		Indiana	7			
y	New York	12		Illino s	6			
a	New Jersey	7		Misscari	9	X		
e-	Pennsylvania	21		Arkaysas	4			
n.	Delaware	3			*			
as	Maryland	S		Florida	3			
4.0	Virginia	15		Texas	4			
	North Caralina	10						
	South Carolina	S			4			
'n	Georgia	10		California	4			
r-	Alabama	9		Camornia	4			
	Tot	2012			037	1		
ne i					223	(
d	After the ado	ption	of the	e Platform a r	resolution	Wa		
0-	passed to proceed	l to	ballot,	which resulte	d as follo	WS		
h	FIRST BALLOT.							
d				4 9	ZD.			



133 131 Total. On the 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th and 6th ballots there was no material change On motion the Convention adjourned till Saturday at 10

FOURTH DAY .- JUNE 19. The interest in the proceedings of the Convention was evident by the large attendance at an early hour this morning. The ladies' gallery presented a large display of Baltimore beauty, and every

other part of the hall was well filled, notwithstanding the extreme heat of the weather. .The President carled the Convention to order at 10 o'clock precisely. Some di-cussion of an unimportant character occurred b tween Mr. Draper and Mr. Morgan, of Masyland, respecting the time of the meeting of the Convention. The Chair deeided the discussion to be out of order, and announced that the Convention would now proceed

to ballot for a candidate for the Presidency. The States were called-Thirty-one ballots were then had, without materially changing the result, when the Convention adjourned to meet at 4 o'clock. AFTERNOON SESSION .- The Convention was called to 4 o'clock by the President. Mr. Call of Florida, arose and said he desired before any further action, to offer some resolutions

connected with the nomination The Chair decided that the subject could only come before the Convention by a motion to suspend cussion upon credentials, the Convention adjourned | the special order, which was a ballot for a candidate for the Presidency. Objection being made to a suspension of the special order, the Chair then stated that the gentleman might read the resolutions for the information of the Convention.

Mr. Call read the resolutions They provided-1st. That the members of the Convention pledge themselves to support the nominee of this Convention, provided he agrees to the platform adopted. 21. That the Convention would not adjourn, except in respect for the Sabbath, until a nomination 3d. That whichever of the candidates should have

the highest number of votes at the close of the fiftieth ballot should be declared the nominee of this Convention. Considerable discussion ensued relative to the manner of getting the resolutions before the Con-

The Chair stated, in reply to a question, that the special order must be suspended by a two-thirds vote before the resolutions could come before the Convention. A vote was then called for and on the question being taken, the Convention refused to consider the resolutions by the following vote-Yeas 3, nays 291.

After some discussion, the ballotting proceeded. Fifteen ballots were taken without varying the former result when the Convention adjourned to Mon-FIFTH DAY .- JONE 21.

The Convention was called to order at 10 o'clock, when it was opened with prayer by the Rev. Dr. Webster, of this city. The reading of the minut's of Saturday was

dispensed with. Mr. Vinton rose and said we have been here six days. No doubt gentlemen are anxious to get away as soon as they shall have discharged their duty, and as quick as practicable. I propose to offer a resolution, with a view to facilitate business. A similar course has been pursued in the House of Representatives, when there has been a great press of business on hand. On Saturday last, nearly as much time was consumed or motions to adjourn as in endeavoring to discharge the duty which we

have in charge. The resolution was then read as follows: Resolved, That the Convention will this day take a recess from half-past one o'clock to four o'clock, P. M., and that a motion to adjourn shall not be entertained prior to the nour for recess, unless a nomination of a candidate for the Presidency be made before that time. He demanded the previous question.

Some discussion was had, after which a ballot was taken, when on the 53d ballot, Scott received 159; Fillmore 112; Webster 21. This appouncement was received with the most athusiastic shouls of applause, and it was a long time before the chair could obtain order. The President then arose, and announced Gen. Winfield Scott as the Whig candidate for the Presidency. This announcement provoked another explo-

ion, and for a time the very hall shook, as cheer Senator Dayton, of New Jersey, obtained the floor, and said-that New Jersey, although the State which claimed to call the illustrious Scott one of her citizens, yet during the whole of the preonged session she had not troubled the Convention by occupying any of its time, whether for idle debate or for the purpose of urging the claims of her favorite son, just nominated. New Jersey had always been trucked the Whig cause, and when she had faltered its at for a brief senson, and soon cleared areas. cleared away Ledarkness from her political hori-

zon by a sparise of surpassing Leauty-yet the sun has dark spots upon it, and the dark spots of New Gersey are as few. Gen. Scott, he said, was a patriot whose ardent love for his country was so great that a dowery of \$1,250,000 offered by Mexico, with a diadem in the future for asking, had not een sufficient to make him desert his country,-General Scott was no fossit, dug up from an underground substrata. His deeds in behalf of every and all sections of the country were well known and required no mention at his hands. Gov. Jones, of Tennessee, arose and said that he had just received a telegraph despatch from Gen. Winfiele Scott, which if it was the pleasure

Washington, June 21, 1852. Daving the honor of being the nominee for Presby the Whig National Convention, I shall ept the same, with the platform of principles ch the Convention has laid down. Please show this to G. B. Dancan. With respects to friends. WINFIELD SCOTT. it was calculated of the great sails action to

of the Convention, he would read. The despatch

Southern delegates and afforded them the opport nity to exhibit their true national Whig spirit, in the cordiality, unanimity and graceful waiving of personal preferences with which they, one after another, amid demonstrations of the greatest good nomination and adopted it as worthy of the unani- where. mous support of the great Whig party of the Union Mr. Botts begged leave to say to the Convention, that this is the last great convocation of Whigs which will probably take place during the 1:5. of the illustrious founder of the Whig party; and

he did not believe here was a Whig in the Conver tion or in the Union, who would desire this Convention should adjourn without expressing its sentiments in relation to that dying patrict, The resolutions submitted by Mr. Botts were the result. then read as follows: Resolved. That this convention representing the

whole Whig party of the United States, feel that it will not have discharged its entire duty to itself, to the party it represents, and to the country at large. if it should adjourn without an expression of its profound regret at the irreparable bereavement the nation is likely soon to sustain in the loss of Henry Clay, the illustrious founder of our party, whose consistency to his principles, fidelity to his friends devotion to his country, whose enlarged and bound less patriotism; and whose pre-eminent and unrequited services have not only endeared him to his party and secured the respect and confidence of the nation, but have commanded the admiration of the

Res.ired. That to the venerable patriot in his last its, we tender the homage of our inwhen he may be no more on earth, in our hearts and in the hearts of our children he will never die. The resolutions were unanimously passed by a The speaking in favor of the nominee was re-

sumed and continued until three o'clock, when the convention adjourned until half past five. AFFERNOON SESSION .- The President called the Convention to order. The Chair stated that he had received a telegraphic despatch from Wilmington, Del., which he asked to have read. The despatch was read as follows: "We have just heard of the nomination of Scott, and are firing one hundred guns in honor of it." A resolution was offered and unanimously adopt-

ed, speaking in the highest terms of the administration of Millard Fillmore, and expressing the deep gratitule the people of the country were under to him for the able and patriotic manner in which he had discharged the duties of the Presidential office in the trying crisis through which the country had A gentleman belonging to the Mississippi dele-

cation here arose, and made a few happy temarks great fame, no post to which he might be selected clusion, he offered a resolution laudatory of Mr. Webster, which was adopted by acclamation. Mr. Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey, also spoke at some length of the manifold acts of Mr. Webster for the public weal, and characterized him a patriot such as we read of in the by-gone days of the old A letter from the Hon. John J. Crittenden, of Ky. addressed to John G. Thompson, Esq., was here

read, in which he stated that it having been suggested to him that it was likely that he would be put in nomination for the office of Vice President, of government. in which case he begged to have his name with drawn. Mr. C's name was accordingly withdrawn as a candidate for that office. It was now proposed that the Convention proceed to ballot, which was unanimously concurred in, and the Secretary proceeded to call the States. Grahem 71; Mangum 10; Pearce 32; Bates 97 Bell 4; Clagget 19; Stanly 14; Crittenden 10;

Lattimer 1; Pettigrew 5; Stewart 2; Badger Brown 3; Jones 5; Williams 3; Pratt 2. On the announcement of the ballot, a great deal of discussion ensued, when it was proposed that the Convention proceed with another ballot. The second ballot was then proceeded with. On ne as nonneement of a vote for James A Pearce, of Marvland, Dr. J. Hanson Thomas arose and said that he was authorized, by virtue of a letter received from Mr. Pearce by one of his colleagues, to withdraw his name. On the result of the ballot being announced, it appeared that there were for W. A

Graham of N. C., 169; Bates, of Mi., 40; Pearce, of Md., 4; Mangum, of N. C., 4. The Chair announced that William A. Graham. North Carolina, was the Whig candidate for the Vice Presidency, which was received with turnult uous applause. The various States which had east their votes, or part thereof for other candidates now asked to be allowed to change their votes, and Wm. A Graham, was accordingly declared the unanimous choice of the Convention, as their candidate for the Vice Presidency.

The Chair then called upon the several States to designate their choice for members of the National Committee, it having been determined that said committee should consist of one member for each State. The following gentlemen were named for

said committee:

Maine-Wm. Pitt Ferringer. New Hampshire-Aaron H. Henry. Vermont-J. G. Hodges, Massachusetts-Ezra Lincoln Rhode Island-R. P. Francis, Connecticut- A. G. Hazard, New York-Simeon Draper, New Jersey-W. N. Wood, Pennsylvania-A. J. Curtain, Delaware-J. M. Clayton, Maryland-A. Evans. Virginia-W. H. MacFarland North Carolina-H. W. Miller. South Carolina-George S. Bryan, Georgia-Lester Grantland, Alabama-J. Darrington, Mississippi-W. A Lake. Louisiana-J. G. Seymour, Ohio-W. T. Bascomb. Kentucky-James Harlam, Tennessee-Gen. F. K. Zollickoffer, Indiana-D. D. Duffries, Illinois--Abram Lincoln, Arkansas-Thomas L. James, Michigan-James M. Edmonds, Florida-B. F. Allen, Texas-James Reilly, lowa-S. M. Ballard, Wisconsin-Jonathan B. Arnold, California-R. H. Taylor.

On motion, the Hon. Samuel F. Vinton of Ohio vas appointed chairman of the committee. olution of thanks to the members of the committee of arrangements and to the officers of the that Mr. Elector Scott, if he cannot gratify the pub-Convention was offered and adopted by acclama-The President of the Convention, Gen. John G.

Chapman of Maryland, arose to reply, and in a speech of some length returned thanks to the meinbers of the Convention for the compliment. After remarks by Ogden Hoffman, of New York, the President then arose and announced that the Convention stood adjourned sine die, and with cheers for the nominees the delegates left the Hall. SERIOUS AFFRAY AT PETERSBURG .- We learn from the Petersburg, (Va) Express that an affray occured in that town on

Thursday evening, between Lewis Mon-tague, proprietor of the St. Charles House, and Gardiner G. Thompson, keeper of "Our vive. ... -- --House." The latter person, it is alleged, was kneeked down, and in attempting to Jefferson county, qualified on Monday last .rise was shot with a pistol by Montague, the Messrs. Roment Lucas, Jr., and James W. Campball taking effect on and lodging in his left | near also qualified as Deputies. Their commisside. It is supposed the wound is mortal vions take effect on the first day of Jair next.

Virginia Free Press. the proceedings of which will be inserted next week. BY H. N. GALLAHER & CO. THURSDAY MORNING.

JUNE 24, 1852. NATIONAL WHIG NOMINATIONS. FOR PRESIDENT. GEN. WINFIELD SCOTT.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT. WILLIAM A. GRAHAM. OF NORTH CAROLINA.

GF NEW JERSEY.

the author of resolutions drawn up by Robert E. Scorr, " Resolved, That we are opposed to slavery in any form and cd.or, and in pavor of freeDoor and FREE SOIL WHEREVER MAN LIVES THROUGHOUT GOD'S HERITAGE."-B. F. Hallett, "Chairman of the National Democratic

Committee. THE WHIG PLATFORM.

The decided vote in the Convention in favor of the truly National Platform, is ve y gratifying to Southern men and to the Conservatives of the country generally. The two parties have now met on common ground as to one of the great issues of the country, and upon other points of public policy the Whigs have the decided advantage. Their platform is a clear, concise and intelligible document -without mystification-and embracing all the great principles essential to good government. It stands in advartageous contrast to the ambiguities and generalities of the Locoloco creed.

... The examplifule with which Gen. Scott has given doubts which surrounded him whilst pressed by Northern men-and the nomination of the Hon. William A. Graham for the Vice-Presidency gives renewed confidence to the Whigs of the countryfeeling and enthusiasm, gave their adhesion to the and now we may look for a gallant rally every

To show how desperately half run the opposition is for matter of assault, we may refer to the labors of the Washington Union to prove that the .Whigs have dodged the "finality" of the Compromise. Let a comparison of the resolutions on this head adopted by the two parties be instituted by the candid reader, and no fear need be entertained of

The Democratic Resolutions, after reciting the old flummery of '40--'11-concludes thus :-

Resolved. That the foregoing proposition covers and was intended to embrace the whole subject of the slavery agitation in Congress; and therefore the democrati party of the Union, standing on this national platform. will abide by and adhere to the laithful execution of the acts known as the compromise measures settled by the last Congress, the act for returning fugitives from service or labor included; which act, being designed to carry cut at express provision of the constitution, can-not with fidelity thereto be repealed or so changed as to Resolved. That the democratic party will resist all attempts at renewing, in Congress, or cut of it, the agi-

tation on the slavery question, under whatever shape or color the attempt may be made. Now read the last resolution of the Whig Conn, and see if it is not all that the most fast

ious friend of the Compromise could desire. 8. That the series of acts of the 31st Congress, commonly known as the compromise or adjustment, (the act for the recovery of fagitives from labor included,) are received and acquiested in by the Whig party of the United States, as a final settlement in principle and substance of the subject to which they relate, and so far as these nets are concerned, we will maintain them and insist on their strice enforcement, utnil time and experience shall demonstrate the necessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the laws on the one hand, and the abuse of their powers on the other-not impairing their present efficiency to carry out the requirements of the constitution; and we deprecate all further aritation of the questions thus settled as danger ous to our peace, and we will discountenance all efforts to continue or renew such agitation whenever, whereever, or however made; and we will maintain this settlement as essential to the Nationality of the Whigparty and the integrity of the Union.

The Compromise acts, including the Fugitive Slave Law, is not to be touched "until time and ex- ment was as strong in favor of the Governor, as he is perience shall demonsteate the necessity of further legistation to guard against the evasion of the laws on the one land and the above of the

the organ of the Democracy at Washington to by the American people could add one jot. In con- | have placed the resolutions in juxt1-position, for the information of its readers, than to have attempted a perversion so gross? But the country will see the mative, and give it its true weight only. The two parties may now make an honorable fight, and test the question whether the Great Captain of the age or a lesser chieftain shall direct the helm of State for the next four years - and whether clear, in illigible principles are to be preferred to mystified and vague generalities apon the policy

GOVERNOR JOHNSON.

We were absent last week when our neighbor of the Spirit defined his position in reference to the Hatcher case. He assumes the position that the Constitution of Virginia gives the power to the Governor, and that the Governor was solicited by sixty petitioners praying for the commutation of the punishment, &c. But cur neighbor emitted to mention also the counter petition .-This attempt to throw the responsibility from the make no more capital in future than they did on Monshoulders of the Governor to that of others, will not an- day, the Whig party will still survice. swer. Hear the Gevernor's reasons. We quote from

"That the penalty under circumstances should be death, though perhaps authorized by the letter, is, I bely tired of the fire kept up against Gov. Johnson for lieve, against the spirit of our laws and of the age, as it is contrary to mercy and humanity, which are designed for and extended to the unfortunate and the guilty." commuting the punishment of negro Jordan Haicher for the murder of a white man. Some attempt But the Governor further says in his message : to make light of the question by calling it the

" And, in conclusion, I will say, that, although strengthened and confirmed in my convictions by the opinions of other gentlemen, of high legal attainments and moral worth, yearny own judgment and sense of duty, would have led me to the same conclusions, and to the performance of the same act, in the absence of all such s upport." Here we have his own authority for saying that his "sense of duty" would have led him to the performance of the same act in the absence of all such support.

As it is a case between the Governor's "conscience and his G.d," and as he is a Democratic Governor, of course the act is excusable in democratic eyes. Perhaps some of our Democratic readers may remember the steletures of the Richmond Enquirer on President Fillmore for giving a respite of two weeks to the pirates who were sentenced to be hung on Good Friday in Richmond. This act of the President was sstigmatized as an effort to bamboozle the religious community. We would like our contemporaries in Richmond to look

up the article from the Enquirer. GENERAL PIERCE.

The Democratic candidate for the Presidency, (says the Richmond Times.) does not appear to be much addicted to epistolary writing. The searchtheir doubts-but certificates and oaths overwhelming interpogatories of Mr. R. G. Scott drew forth ed all resistance. Gov. Joe was installed, and his no response from him, and though more than a fortfirst official act was to place white and blacks upon night has now elapsed since he was nominated at a tooting of equality, and to declare doctrines which Baltimory, the public have not been favored with a large majority of the House of Delegates affirm a syllable from his ben.

Why does his letter of acceptance tarry? Is he waiting antil the Whig Convention shall have acted, in order that he may catch a glimpse of his adversary's hand before he shows his own ? By the way, is not some explanation due to the country of the reasons which influenced General Pierce to decline answering Mr. R. G. Scott's letter? The public have been constantly on the lookout for some information on this subject, but thus far they have looked in vain. The Democratic papers North and South are silent as the grave in regard to this matter. Not even the omniscient editors and correspondents of the New York Herald pretend to have ferreted out the secret. We hope lie curiosity with a letter from Gen. Pierce, will at least inform us why he did not write one. 9 ACCIDENT.

On Monday last, at Harpers-Ferry, a meluncholy aceident occurred from the premature discharge of a cannon. A salute in honor of the Governor of Maryland and others on an examining tour of the Baltimore and Ohio Rail Road to Pairmont, was about being made when the cur was prematurely discharged, wounding Mr. JAMES O'LAUGHLIN in the hand, and injuring LON JOHNSON and JCHN BUTLER, two free negroes. Johnson has since died, and Butler is not expected to sur-

HIGH SHERIFF.

. Mr. Jour W. Moore, High Sheriff elect for

LOCOFOCO RATIFICATION MEETING. OUR NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE.

Seward was the author of the Whig Resolutions adopted

fools as his Randolphien imagination might lead him:

mised to embark in the canvass when there would seem

Next, the Hon. HENRY BEDINGER was appealed to

for a seat in Congress-he would say something, although

himself an acquiescent in the compromise measure.

found fault with the Whig platform-a thing to be ex-

pected from a party who cannot see any thing good in

the work of Whiggery. He did not like the word faul

being emitted in the resolution, on the subject of the fa-

gitive slave law -an omission made in printing but not

in the canciumnt by the Convention, as the reader will

which the Southern people are interested. We are in-

honorable gentleman was quite as extravagant in his en-

of whom the people have some practical knowledge .-

The said Joseph was declared by Mr. Lucas to be per-

feelly sound to southern interests, as all who were in the

Court-House well remember. [Well, now, let us make

an extract from the message of Gov. Johnson, in refer-

ence to his commutation of the punishment of Jordan

Hatcher, the murder of a white man. We do so, beeinse

we desire to remind the reader that Mr. Lucas' endo.se-

That the penalty, under such circumstances, should

e could have been charged with, would have been jus-

If the Seward doctrine goes farther, then we give it

up.] But let us give another extract from Gov. Joe's

"The power to pardon and commute is a high and

sacred trust; but it is one in the discharge of which, the

Executive of this Commonwealth is responsible only to

Now if we understand the Seward doctrine it is see-

Mr. Lucas threw hot-shot in the front and re-r of

Gen. Scott-contrasted or rather cologised Mr. -Ill-

more-but lest he might still be the nomine, and be in

the way of his friend Pierce, he referred to a garbled

and spurious letter attributed to Mr. P. intend of Bok-

that the ratification meeting was as cold as the region

from whence they take their candidate; and if they

GETTING TIRED.

Our locofoco cotemporaries are getting excessive-

'cackling" of "certain bipeds," &c., whilst our

neighbor of the Spirit attributes the act of the Gov-

dissen's from the position taken by the governor

bor's consistency! It is, however, the result of a

higher law doctrine of Gov. Joe Johnson. Thea

Whig says:-We fully appreciate the annoyquice,

which the affair gives to the Democracy. Not that

they care anything about the Abolit onism of their

Governor: but the avowal of the doctrines at this

particular time was the most inopportune thing in

whom they wish to palm off upon the people, as "a

Northern man with Southern feelings." But Sere

tend to produce insubordination and public mischief."

The Democratic Senate, influenced by party feel-

Now these same gentlemen come before the peo-

ple whom they have thus deladed, with the fraud

fresh and patent, and ask them to vote for another

champion all the way from New Hampshire. Al-

though he is sundry degrees farther North than

Gov. Joe, they tell us he is the most Southern man

in the Union. With Martin Van and Gov. Joe

fresh in the public remembrance, it is very likely

GEN. PIERCE.

The Committee of the National Convention to netify

announced in the Convention, the Committee consists of Messrs. Erastus Corning, of New York, J. S. Barbour, of Virginia, Jacob Thompson, of Mississippi, George McClellan, of Michigan, and Pierre Soule, of Louisiana.

(Gen. Pierce having failed to answer the letter of

Mr. Robert G. Scott of Richmond, the Southern De-

mocracy were afraid to wait an answer of acceptance

by mail-hence they call on him in person, lest his an-

Ages of Scott west Webster .- Gen. Win-

Gen. Pierce and Mr. King of their nominations,

Ley will be believed!

The Besten Post says:

parcel of the Democratic creed of the State,

desire to swallow anything Denocratic.

cisely this same responsibility to "conscience," which

his conscience, his God, and the State of Virginia.

Gov. Joe relies upon for his actions.]

ing to his acts as President.

now in behalf of Gen. Pierce

was funny, and very much amused-his heavers.

he considered the meeting premature. He declared

to be more occasion for speaking.

the author of the following resolution :-

GOD'S HERITAGE."

New York, June 18, 1852. According to aumouncess, an ar locofoco friends held SMR. Epiron :- The Whig National Convention is in a ratification meeting in Clarl stown on Monday last !session; but the result of its deliberations no man can vet foresee. It is idle to speculate on probabilities. We After the adoption of a series of Resolutions, our neighall have our personal preferences, and our reasons for bor of the Spirit gave notice that the "Democratic Electhem, but be the nomince either Webster, or Scott, or tor of the District." J. Bannot pu Tockes Esq., being Fillmore, the election of either would be a sufficient present would address the people-two-thirds of whom guarantee to the country of a safe, and patriotic Adminwere Whigs. Mr. T. nounted the stand, but excused istration. If possible, the difficulty of foreseeing who himself by stating a physical mability to do justice to the the candidate will be has increased rather than dimingreat Democratic cause. A rumor having been affint that Gen. Scorr was likely to receive the nomination by the Whig Convention, Mr. T. launched forth in a tirale of abuse against "Fuss and Feathers," as he denomined ted Gen. S. He held up the idea that W. H. Seward

All Americans feel a pride in the name of Webster, that great statesman, of whem it has not inaptly been said, "he has the largest head upon any man's shoulders, was the right-hand man of Gen. S., and that the said and the most in it." He, has friends in the convention who will adhere to him while a hope remains. Indeed, by the Convention! [We can only say, that if Mr. there is no man who has inspired warmer personal attachments. An unexpected indication of Gen. Scott's Tucker can find no more to complain of in the charstrength is the discovery that portions of the Louisiana acter of the said Seward than to charge hist with being and Kentucky delegations are ready and willing to promote his nomenation; and the chances of Mr. Fillmore of Virginia, we leave him to all the capital to be made or that score.] In associating Seward with Gen. Scott, have been made apparently more favorable by the choice Mr. Tucker seemed to forget that R. F. HALLETT, of Mr. Chapman of Maryland, one of his particular friends, to preside over the Convention. A telegraphic Chairman of the National Democratic Committee, was dispatch will have doubtless informed you of the result, before this letter reaches you-at any rate, before it is "Resolved, That we are opposed to slavery in any form and color, and in favor or rusecom and FREE SOIL WHEREVER MAN LIVES THROUGHGUT

The Democrats find that it is not altogether such plain-sailing under Mr. Pierce as they had fondly in-Mr. T., in addressing the people, seemed to have forgotten also that the citizens of Jefferson are not such agraed. He possesses few elements of popularity. -Gen Scott, with that kindness which he always manifests to He labored hard, too, to pick a flaw in the Whig pat- his inferior officers, did commend Pierce, in common form; but all he said, fell, like so much lead in a sand with many others, for gallantry; but the fact is, the New bank. The day was too warm for the vindication of a Hampshire brigadier earned no military reputation. His eandidate from so frigid azone. He adverted too, to the career was much like that of the ridiculous Pillow, and military exploits of Gen. Pierce, who, he said, patrioli- the vain coxcomb Cushing. At Chapultepec, it is said, eally sacrificed the comforts of home, to engage in the he fainted, and was withdrawn to a place of safety, after Mexican war, as a Brigadier General-whilst, he might which he resigned his commission, and returned home have added, thousands of others went as privates—mere, before the war had ended. The Conservative Deme-by the way, than Mr. Tucker did—without even the crats have not forgotten the aid and countenance which by the way, than Mr. Turker dat—without even sale crais have now by the way, than Mr. T. Snoke very fix archive it cen.

Nr. Pierce and his friends in New Hampshire gave to the illegal and lies are also of Gov. Dorr in Rhode often he fell from his horse. But we cannot notice | Sland. Luietd, the two heroes are marvellously alike; farther the remarks of Mr. T. He was coldently om- | Dorr's courage having oozed out at his forgers' ends, at barrassed at the want of enthus an of his followers .- Chapachet, not less striking than Pierce's did, in Mexico. They have little confidence in his citizene Southern Patriotic mon of all political parties are delighted at rectines the tendency of which is as dangerous to the the favor with which the petition of E. K. Collins for

perpetuity of the Union as his freesoil friend Hallett's an additional appropriation has been received by Con-Mr. R. H. Berenna, sub-elector for the county, was knowledge, been breathed against sustaining Mr. Collianext brought forth. After a few flashes of wit, he pro- except that which has had its origin in British influences. In New York, the merchant, and the mechanic, the clergyman and the spo sman, the millioneire and the day-laborer, have but one-opinion, and that is, that Collins must be sustained. I refer, of course to American, to address the faithful. He arose reluctantly, but lest his motives might be infeconstruct-having been defeated by birth or in feeling. Whenever an individual is heard rash enough to provoke the anger and contempt of a circle, by speaking against the appropriation, he betray + the source of his disapprobation by remarking that "Colthough he did at one time oppose them, for which he

lins hought'at to 'ave a happropriation." lost his election to Congress-and culogised the locatoco | But, even fairminded Englishmen confess that Mr. platform to the skies. He, as well as Mr. Tucker. Callias is the greatest man in his line now living, and they say that, had he been been in England, no "material aid" would be thought by the government of that country to be too much for him, a hences too great, no titles or rank too high. If we reflect, for an instant, on Mr. Collins's achievements, we will have an approximate correption of the high position which posterity will award him.

find by examining the official record. As usual M., P. England had been, for years, the asknowledged mis-The Hoa. William Lucas was next loudly colled tress of the seas. While the people of no country in for. He hesitated-but the honorable chairman of the rierity, of the British, they would not hesitate to consemething, though, like Mr. Bedinger, he considered the fess that they were the best ship-builders and sailors .meeting premature. He launched forth in a most extrav-Nation after aution had striven, but striven in vain, to agant cology of the nominee, Gen. Pierce, wheat he dispute the sovereignty of the seas with the proud men knew he said to be sound on the great questions in that sa'l under the "Union-Jack." Rich and powerful «Governments had lent their aid and influence to those of elined to think however that his party will not rely so their subjects who were bent on making themselves and steadfastly upon this endorsement, knowing that the their countries famous, by beating England ou her favorite element. Rank and wealth had been offered dersement of a certain Joseph Johnson, when a candidate, for even approximate success. The absolute Soverign of a large empire had, himself, gone to England, and worked as a practical shipwright, for the purpose of transmitting such a knowledge to his subjects as would place them in the front rank of ship-builders in the world But these attempts had all failed. England still was the first maritime country in the world, and by the lower classes in the different countries of Europe, she was even regarded as holding a "charmed" position from which it was impossible to dislodge her, and to at-

tempt which would be nearly succitegious.

But, for off, on the other size of the anticologicalities, of grapping the British Lion, single handed. The idea would seem to others, he thought, so preposterous, that he did not mention it; but he continued to labor, menhis case it was but manslaughter, without intent to tally and physically, never for a noment losing sight of the one great object of his life-hat of giving to his country the undisputed position of the first maritime

nower among the nations of the world. But I find that my interse Amer c mism and my admiration of the genius of the great man who has so signally added to our country's glory have made me forget that I am writing a letter from New York ; so ! will abruptly drop the subject after saying that the civilized world now acknowledges the Collins Line of Atlantic steam. ships to be the hand-omest, the fastest, and strongest in the world. England, herself acknowledges it, and alds that "if Mr. Collins is only supported by his government, America will be soon in a fair way to monopolize the ocean-carrying trade of the world." It will be remembered that Mr. Collins fought unaided against his Government-backed English opponents; and that, s ; But we cannot persue the subject, farther than to say, until the victory has been won and acknowledged, does he ask a fair remaneration for his mail services.

Yours Truly, JEFFERSON. MORE TWISTIFICATION:

The South-Side Democrat, editorially and by correspendents, is coming to the aid of its friend, Gov. Joe .-It begins an article in this wise:

The JORDAN HATCHER CASE.-We invite attention to the communication under this caption, published in another column. We doubt if any party ever resorted to a more reprehensible device for the manufacture of political capital, than that which the Whig party of Virginia is using at this moment to destroy Democratic ascendancy in the State. The Legislature has consured the commutation of Hatcher's punishments and the ernor to the dictates of his tender conscience. He Governor has repudiated the objectionable construction put upon his first message; still the Whigs are not con-tent, but they continue to denounce and agitate as if the and yet justifies his course. We admire our neighexistence of the Republic was in peril.

We have not seen the censure passed by the Legislature. The House of Delegates, by a considerable majority -Mr. Wallace and other Democratic leaders being The Richmond Enquirer also wriggles under the in the minority, did censure the Governor, and declare that his conduct "tended to produce a spirit of insulerdination and public mischief." But the Democratic Senate refused to concur in the resolutions of the House, and thereby substantially endorsed the action of the

It is not true, that the Governor in his last message the world! They have a New Hampshire Yanger, repudiated the most objectionable portion of his first .-In the first, he took the ground that if a slave, in a "momen' of excitement and suffering," knocks his masstands Gov. Joe with his "higher law" directly in | ter in the head with an iron poker, it is only "manslaughthe path. How to get around him is the difficulty. | ter without intent to kill." This is nowhere retracted Last fall, these same gentry swore that Gov. Ite in the last message, and this is the gist of the whole was an ultra Southern man :- some people had matter. If he had withdrawn this, his commutation would have had nothing to rest on. It is the incendiary doctrine embodied in this position which, in the epinion of the House of Delegates, "tends to produce insubordination and rublic mischief." That the House is correct in this opinion, we have not a doubt. We sincerely believe the Governor's doctrine is better calculated to render the slave population of the State insubordinate and rebellious than all the preachings of all the Northern ing and disregarding the welfare of the people, en- Abolitionists put together. With a knowledge of the dorsed the Governor's mischievous and incendiary | fact, that they will be sustained by the Covernor in redoctrines, and thereby constituted them a part and sisting their masters with deadly weapons, they will consider themselves invited to resistance. It is not necessary to enlarge on this point. Every man, who has anything to 62 with the management of negroes, knows the importance of preserving discipline among them.

not questione that-we have had nothing to do with it. 'Tis the effects of his course, that we reprobate. If his conduct was dictated by humanity-it was a very mistaken humanity, and will enurs to the injury of those whom he designed to help. It will force the whites, in self-defence, 'a increased rigours. It will compel overseers to go are sed. They will have no other alternative than to dubuilt to be knocked in the head with impunity. Because the Whigs object to these mischiecous and disorganizing d etrines, which a Democratic Governor has brought among us, they are charged with frying to Boston for Concord on Thursday by the first train. As | make party capits'. Well, they have a right to make party capital, if the Democrats support these doctrines. The Democrats would have made a great deal out of it, and justly, if the Whigs had thus endangered the peace of society. But it appears that it is not Whigs alone, who object to the Governor's higher-law. The resolutions of the House were voted for by some twenty Democrats. The Democrats of Amelia, of Henrico, of Chesswer might prove unpalatable to the South. Stick to terfield, concur in these resolutions. If it be made a him gentlemen-don't let him commit himself too far.] test question, the Democracy will be left in a very lean minority in the State.

As to the emscientiousness of the Governor-we hav-

The Democrat and Enquirer, by their support of Gov. field Scott, was born near Petersburg, Va., Johnson, and their denunciation of all Democrats as well June 13, 1786, and is therefore just 66 years as Whigs, who oppose his practical Abolition, are proofed. Daniel Webster was born at Salisbury, cipitating that issue. Let it come. Fichmond White

N. H., January 18, 1782, and is now in this 13- The Rockingham Register states 7,217 to be Judge Sauceas official majerity.

The normalization of Gen. Scott has been very generally of the State is trained with abolitionism, it is utexpected, though resisted for so long a time with so | terly untrue. We know no man who is more demuch pertinacity. There was an unwillingness on the would to the South and her testitutions; and no part of the South to put forth their emidence in an un- man in the North West has been more ardent in pledged man; and the 66 votes against the platform, no support of, or sustained with more zeal on the hus doubt, iscreased in a measure this re-netance to abandon I tings, before the people, the rights of the States. the tried and proved competitors of the ballot. One by one, however, step by step, Scott advan ed to the nomination, but it was the valley of Mexico over again. Some ist for commuting the sentence of Jordan Hetcher sharp battles were fought, in the approach-but, once within sight of the capital, at surities gave way before scarcedy a Governor in Virginia, who has not his triumpliant murch, and, presently within the situdel, done equally as bad Lieut. Gov. Wyndham Robertno enemy was there. And there, again, he was offered, as at Mexico--a chance for the Presidency.

with that of his country, and needs no particular mention as bad! What sort of an excuse is that for your missioners appointed by said decree, and by virtue at our hands. The Hon. William A. Graham, a mem- Governor? You have cretofere maintained that of authority conferred on them by the said Mildred ber of the present cabinet, whose name accompanies the all Whigs were quasi Abolitionists and now we C. Timberlake and Henry L. Pimberlake, will of ticket, proved very acceptable to the convention. He calours a convention with his party throughout the store of George II. Beckwith, Esq. in Middle-the store of George II. Beckwith, Esq. in Middle-the store of George II. the South and all over the whole country. His services is public life have reflected the wisdom, prudence and his Whig ever put forth as bad law or logic as the 21th day of July next, if fair if not, on the first integrity of his character; and there is no double to the present Democratic Governor, we will give up. | fair day, certain REAL ESTATE in and adjoinman: will add strength to the ticket. So the wo parties are now fairly furnished with the constitutes, and the campaign is dother and the spirit of the tracket. But and the spirit of the tracket. So the wo parties are now fairly furnished with the constitutes, which should not man who is more devoted to the South and her institutions the later and the spirit of the tracket. But and adjoining said town of Middleway, which belonged to the later and the spirit of the constitutes, in the estimation of the street, known as lot No. 2 in the plat of said town, on which there is a large and valuable Brick.

INCAPITULATION OF BALLOTINGS. rat bullotings for a nominee for the Presidency :

Ballot .	Sectt.	· Fillmore.	117 1
	131		Webs
First, Second,		133	
	133	131	2 2 2 2 2
Third,	133	131	2
Fourth,	134	130	2
Fifth,	130	133	3
Sixth,	131	133	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Neveath,	131	123	2
Eighth,	133	131	2
Ninth,	133	131	2
Teath.	135	130	2
Eleventh,	134	131	2
Twelfth,	134	130	- 2
Thirteenth,	131	13)	2
Fourteeath,	133	130	2
F.fteenth.	133	130	
S'ateenth.	135	12)	
Seventee ah,	132	131	9
Eighteenth,	132	131	
Ninteenth,	132	131	
Twentieth;	132	131	
Twenty-Pirst,	133	131	- 6
Twenty-Second,	132	130	
Twenty-Third,	132	131	
Twenty-Pourth,	133	129	150
Twenty-Pifth.	133	121	
Twenty-Sixth,	134	1 121	7
Twenty-Spent,	135	123	
Twenty-Seventh,	135	121	
Twenty Righth,	134	123	
Twenty Ninth,	134	123	
Thirtieth.			0
Thirty Past.	135	129	
Thirty-Second,	131	123	
Thirty-Third,	131	123	
Thirty-Fench,	134	126	
Thirty Fath,	131	123	2
Thirty-Saxth,	133	123	2
Thirty-Seventh,	136	127	5 G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G G
Thirty-Eighth,	136	127	2
Thirty-Ninth,	131	123	3
Fortieth, :	134	123	
Forty-Pirst,	132	123	
Forty Second.	134	125	
Forty-Third,	131	123	:
Forty-Fourth,	133	120	
Forty-Fifth,	133	127	
Forty-Sixth,	131	127	1 3
Forty-Seventh,	135	123	
Forty-Eighth,	147	171	:
The property of the same			2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Tilly-Larre,	159	112	2
	morning		

SENATOR DOUGLAS.

This gentleman recently addressed a Democrat-4- ratification meeting in Washington city, (says the Richmond Times,) and availed himserf of the opportunity to empty the vials of his wrath, spleen and disappointment, not upon the authors of his Inte defeat, but upon the Whig party in general, and the Fillmore administration in particular .--This is of course very unreasonable conduct, but unfortunately it is quite natural, and shows that candidates for the Presidency are not exempt from the petty and groveling weakness of our nature.

The candidate of Young America from all ac- | Franklin Ledbetter, a pedlar from Maine. counts, election ered for the Presidential nomination just as a grog-shop demagogue would electioncer for a constable's place, and it is therefore not at all surprising that, having failed to attain his ofjet, he should abuse his opponents in the strain of a bar-room politician.

The Young Giant is reported to have said that the Whig party was "atterly incapable of administering this government." This, as a cotemporary justly remarks, is precisely what the Baltimore Convention thought of Mr. Douglas. Not all the persua-ive appliances of the bar-room could induce the members of that body to believe that he was capuble of administering the affairs of this govern
The was margin county, Ma., June 25th, by Rev. Da

vid Wilson, Mr. CHRISTOPHER BAKER, Harpersfunds are likely to come into the hands of the adfunds are likely to come into the hands of the administrator applicable to the payment of debts; meni. The little Giant's sneer at the administrative capacity of the Whig party, embracing such tive capacity of the Whig party, embracing such can, Mr. JOHN HAMMAT, of Pleasants county, Va., to onen as Cay, Webster, Fillmore, Crittenden, Miss MAR! REBECCA, daughter of Edward Ham-Scott, Clayton, Berrien and others, is very terrible, | mat, Esq. we must admit and will create an immense sensation, in foreign parts, but when it comes to be understood that the individual who launched this thunder bolt was unable to rally a corporal's guard in support of his own claims to the Presidency, we imagine that the weight of his anathema will not be seriously felt.

DEMOCRATIC TESTIMONY.

The editor of the Montgomery (Alahama) Advertiser and Gazette, who was a member of the Alabum: felegation to the Baltimore Democratic Convention, thus speaks of the intrigue and corruption of the caucus which nominated Pierce and King: "I cannot say that my respect for these National Conventions has increased since I have witnessed the intrigues and workings of its members. Honesty, virtue and sound policy may prevail over the great putrid mass of corruption which they contain, but the struggle will be great; and the wear and tear sostained in the collision, will be such, that honest people, it is to be feared, will not be found in sufficient numbers in future willing to sustain taeir cause in such a struggle. It would utterly be idle to attempt to convey any the most remote idea, of the corruption and fraud that is now attempted to be carried out in the choice of President and Vice President of the Democratic party. It is fearful beyond degree. We can only hope that it will not succeed; if it does, it would be far better for the party, that the Government remain in the | meeting. hands of the whigs a while lenger. They are admitted to be venal and corrupt, and the evil may

Speak for yourself, Mr. Advertiser, if you please. No Whig has ever been obliged to admit such cor- Stuffs, together with many other articles in his ription in his own party, as you allege in yours.

(rs. Our cotemporary of the Times, (says the Richmond Whig.) in a just and pungent criticism of the Democratic Platform, explains to us the why and wherefore the Declaration of Independence was incorporated into the Pletform. It was done for the benefit of the Freenolders. The following passage in the Declaration of Independence embodies a favorite idea of the Higher aw tentry, and they are always appealing to it to justify their proceedings:

"We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their freator with certain inclienable rights; that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness." The Platform was the work of Mr. B. F. Hallett, who is for "freecom and free-soil throughout God's beritage"—and to him the Democracy are indebted for the broad doctrine that negroes and white men are equal.

IF One evening last week, a straw rick of Mr. Matthew's near Waterford, was burn-The rick was within but a few feet of his barn, in which was garnered a large quantity of his last crop of grain, which, however, was saved by the timely assistance of his friends.

According to the Census of 1350, there are produced in the State of Virginia, 1,311,004 pounds of woel, and 2,860,765

THE SUSPRISED MAN.

As to the insinuation that the Chief Magistrate We are tiren ourselves, and our readers, we imagine, are sick of this thing. But should the Whig we pledge curseives to prove that there has been son include ... Engineer.

This is the conclusion of a long article in exten-The history of Gen. Scott is intimately associated tion of Governor Joe. Whigs have done actually the particular mention as had! What sort of an excuse the country, and needs no particular mention as had! What sort of an excuse the country and needs no particular mention as had! What sort of an excuse the country and needs no particular mention as had! What sort of an excuse the country and needs no particular mention as had! What sort of an excuse the country and needs no particular mention as had! thap they did! Well, if you will show us, that way, Jefferson county, Virginia, on SATURDAY, Enquirer, a devoted friend to the South. We judge on which there is a large and valuable Brick BUILDING, conveniently arranged for a store and of people by their acts-and subjected to that test, The following table comprises the results of the seves the Governor, in producing a spirit of insubornination must be condemned. Perhaps the Enquirer once thought Van Buren a very devoted friend to the South ;- and may be, it now thinks General Pierce, of New Hampshire, equally devoted to the same cause, and with about as much justice in the | the lands of Watson and others, the said out-lots one case as the other !- Richmond Wing.

THE APPLICATION.

The story of Gen. Pierce and the stick of candy has lately gone the rounds, and will be recollected. The Richmond Republican narrative should be interesting to Democratic politicians. It is because the Whig boys have, for four years, been eating candy, and the Democratic boy, is "sitting alone, and that boys is not eating but he is crying."-Hence the significance and the point of the ancodote. Hence the popularity of Pierce Elect him to the Presidency, and he will GER TO GEN. PIERCE, till the Baltimore Con-

TAKEN IN.

The Democratic Platform embraces the Kentucky resolutions, as well as of those of Virginia. The second Kentucky resolution takes the ground that Congress can pass no law to punish any crime not specially enumerated in the Constitution-and as negro stealing is not so defined, the Fugitive Slave Law is null and void. The Platform was prepared by that expansive

Progession at Martinsburg .- The procession of the United Brothers, at Martinsburg, Va., on Friday, was attended by a number of the order of this city. Dr. Orrick, of Baltimore, delivered an excellent oration on the occasion .- Baltimore Sun.

The people of Chesterfield County. Va, have passed resolutions, disapproving of Gov. Johnson's course in the Jordan Hatch-

IF Thomas Batler has been arrested in Hanover county, Va., charged with killing Seicion - Mr. Nicholas McGorian, of Winchester committed suicide on Monday last, near Smithfield, by cutting his throat. The act is attributed to intemperance. He leaves a wife and two children. CHESTON IN CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR

Married.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. Dadley A. Tyng Capt. JOSEPH F. ABELL to Miss LUCY CRANE, -ali of this founty. At Harpers-Ferry, Va., June 10th, by Rev. David Wilson, Mr. JOHN H. HOSTLER, to Miss MARY | County to produce their chains with the evidence ANN PENWELL-all of Loudoun county, Va. In Washington county, Md., Jane 20th, by Rev. Da-

In Leesburg, on the 9th instant, by Rev. J A. Dun-On the 27th ult., by Rev. John S. Martin, Mr. GEO, W'M ALLEN, of Clarke, to Miss JOSEPHA E. KI-GER, of Winchester.

Died:

At Westherville, Paltimore county, Md., Miss CATHARINE WARE, daughter of the late George Ware, of this county, in the 19th year of her age. On Tuesday week last, JOSEPH G., infant son of Dr. J. G., and M. E. Gray, of Loesburg. In Hampshire county, on the 15th instant, Mr. JOHN SHEETZ, in about the 40th year of his age. At the residence of her father, Mr. George Sperrow, near Bedington, in Berkeley county, on the 4th instant, Miss MARY JANE SPEROW, aged about 11 years. empression of the particular and the contemporaries of the

Local Memoranda.

DEDICATION. The dedication of the Bolivar M. E. Church will take place on the 27th instant. The Rev. JOHN A. COLLINS, of Washington City, has been engaged for the occasion .-A general attendance is invited.

VALLEY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. There will be a meeting of the Valley Agricultural Society at the Court-House, in Charlestown, on Friday hair. Lawn, dotted Swiss and Needleworked white the 25th inst. A full attendance of the members is requested, as business of importance will be before the [June 17, 1852.

Renewal of Stock, M. GRIDLER has received, an entire new A. supply of Medicines, Paints, and Dye-

line. All of which will be sold on reasonable Harpers Ferry, June 24, 1852.

Wheat Fan for Sale. HAVE, a new Wheat Fan for Sale (Doyle & 1 Co's make.) I will warrant to be a first rate cleaner and of the most substantial make. I will either sell on time, or barter it for other property as I have no use for it. R. S. BLACKBURN. June 24, 1852.

horses for sale. THE undersigned having purchased Mules ne-1 cessary for their farming purposes, offer for sale seven or eight fine WORK HORSES, which f not sold before the 34 Modday in July, will be offered before the Court House door in Charlestown, at July Court, on a credit of nine months. PENDLETON & RICHARDSON.

June 24, 1852. Notice. FINHE undersigned has been appointed by Mrs. Many Dalgarn to act as her agent, in the June 21, 1859 -- lit ROBERT THOMPSON. transaction of her business.

Brown Stout. O BARRELS London Brown Stout, for sale by Z Jane 21, 1852. J. F. BLESSING.

Trust Sale of Jefferson Land. DY virtue of the deed of trus, exteented by Wm. D T. Washington and wife to the undersigned for the purposes therein mentioned, dated Sept. 15.

1843, and recorded in the Jefferson Courty Court, I will sell, at public sale, to the highest bidder, in front of Carter's Hotel in Charlestown, on Friday the 30th day of July, 1852, a Tract of prime Jeffer son LAND, containing about 201 ACRES, of which above 35 are in Timber-being a part of the deeds now in his possession. This tract lies in a compact body on the East side of the main tract; nounding on the North upon the Leetown road, and having access, by a way reserved, to the Smithfield turnpike; and about 2 miles N. West of Charles-

The decds require the sale to be made for cash. but by the consent of all parties, the Terms of this sale will be as follows: One-third cash; one-third in one year, and one-third in two years, with interest from the day of sale, with bonds secured by a deed of trust on the premises sold. Possession purpose of securing or taking them away. As persons disposed to purchase will of course examine the land before the sale, further description is unnecessary. Mr. Washington will shew the tract open appliention to him or to the under-

uminer copy is and send bills to this effice for col'n. PUBLIC SALE.

June 21, 1852.

ANDREW KENNEDY,

BY virtue of a decree proportioned at the May Term of the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, in a cause pending on the Chillery side of said Court, in which Atthee C. Tanberlake, guardian, dwelling house and having also many valuable improvements upon it, and for years past in the occupancy of George II Beckwith. Two other lots in said town, known in the plat thereof as Nos. 16 and 17, on the same street-the

together comprising a small tract of land, containing about 17 1-6 acres; these lots will be sold The terms of sale are as follows: One-third of the purchase money cash—the residue in two equal annual payments, bearing interest from the day of sale, secured by the bonds of the purchaser or purchasers, and deeds of trust on the property sold .gives the application as follows: - We can | Mr. George H. Becawith will show the aforesaid however readily understand why the above lots to any person desiring to see them. The title to one and all the said lots is believed to be unques-SAML J. C. MOORE.

said lots being commonly called the brick-kiln lot.

And several out-lots, adjoining said town, and

Sascial Commissioners Sale of Jefferson Land.

LAWSON BOTTS.

DY virtue of a Decree of the Circuit Coart of Jefferson County, pronounced at the May Term. 1852, in a cause therein pending between J. J. Miller, Pluf and the adm'r and heirs of the put his hand in his official pocket, draw forth | late Win. Hooff, D.is., the undersigned, as special a cent, buy a stick of candy, and give it to the | Commissioner, will proceed to sell, at public aucboy, ALTHOUGH THE BOY WAS A TOTAL STRAN- tion, to the highest bidder, be ore the Court House, in Charlestown, in said County, on Friday the 23d day of July, 1852.

60 Acres 2 Hoods and 20 Perches

of the most valuable cleared Land in said County a hoining the Lands of Andrew Kennedy, Samuel W. Luckland, John A. Washington, James Roper and others. Persons desirous of further information in regard to the property, are respectively invited to call at the office of the undersigned in Charles-

TERMS OF SALE .- One-third in hand, and the Free Soiler, Hallett, and we did not doubt but that | residue in 9 and 18 months with interest from sale. he would make ample provision for himself and | The deferred payments to be secured by a Deed of Sale to take place at 12 o'clock, M. Special Comm's

Virginia, to wit: IN the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, May

Nathan S. White, administrator with the will annexed of Sinah Quiglay, dec'd, PLAINTIFF,

-AGAINST Edmund I. Lee, adm'r of James W. Strider, dec'd, Isaac H Striler, and Julia A Strider, children and heirs of said James W. Strider, and Edmund I. Lee, guardian of DEFENDANTS,

IN CHANCERY. (Extract from the Deree) A ND this c use coming to to be heard this 19th day of Max, 1852, was argued by counsel; upon consideration whereof it is derected and ordered that commissioner Edward E. Cooke do state nd settle the accounts of E. I. Lee, admir of James and report the debts against the estate of said J. arider outstanding and annuid, and that to enable him to do so, that he give notice to the creditors through some newspaper published in this thereof before him at such time as he shall desigwhat real estate the heirs of said James W. Strider inherit from their father, its value and annual value; also, what other property said heirs own, and whether any portion of their income can advantageously and properly be appropriated to the payment of their father's debts, together with any special statement or suggestion deemed important by himself or required by the parties.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE. June 24, 1852. TTHE parties to the above suit, and the creditors of James W. Strider, dec'd, are hereby reguired to appear before me, at my office in Charlestown, in Jefferson county, Va., on the 23d day of July next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., prepared with their evidence and vouchers, to enable me to execute the EDWARD E. COOKE, alove decree. June 21, 1852.

A copy-Teste.

R. T. BROWN, CTA.

FOR SALE.

TIWO second hand BUCGIES, two CARRY-OLES suitable for one horse, two second hand Family Carriages; and a Good Family Horse that is good size 6 years old, and works well W. J. HARKS. Jane 21, 1852.

Received at the Cheap ash Soc, splendid assortment of needleworked goods, A such as collars, cuffs, sleeves and inside Handkerchiefs, ail of the very latest styles. FOR DRESSES!-Barege de Laine, Sik Mo hair. Lawn, dotted Swiss and Needleworked white er Combs, silk mitts, silk and Kid Gloves, silk and Lace Capes, very chenp Linen Towels and Table-

cloths, bleached and unbleached, cashmere and offeloth Table and Bureau Covers. A lot of Silk Parasols to be closed out below The undersigned respectfuilt solicits a call of those who wish to buy fastic nable goods at lose

ISAAC ROSE.

H. L. EBY & SON.

(in Mr. Rawlin's Slore House on Main Street.) Charlestown, June 21, 1852. Bacon, Corn Meal and Flour. 50 BBLS. Extra and Family Flour; 100 Bushels White Corn Meal; 1000 Lbs, prime Country Bacon

Powder and Fuse. 1000 FEET Safety Fuse; 25 Kegs Blasting Powder, at the lowest H. L. EBY & SON.

Marvest Whiskey. SUPERIOR lot of flarvest Whiskey for sale low by the barrel. SBY & SON. A low by the barrel. June 24, 1852.

Mackerel. TUST received another lot of Mackerel. June 24. H. L. 3BY & SON.

Pickled Oysters. THST received two dozen cans Pickled Ovsters of fine flavor, for sale by the plate or can. June 21, 1852. J. F. BLESSING. June 21, 1852.

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP. IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY.

TTHE subscribers beg leave to call the attention I of Farmers and the public generally, to their very large and extensive assortment of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. now on hand, including their celebrated Patert farm of the said Washington conveyed in said Thresher and Cleaner, which now stands without a rival; having as far eclipsed the old Cleaners as the telegraph now does the old news carrier stage, which they offer for the very low price of 8235, and warrant it to thresh from 2 to 1 hundred bushes per day with six horses. As we deem tertificates of no value, which could be had by any number. but have a sufficient coefidence in the Machine recommending itsell. They would respectfully cali

the attention of those persons who wish to purchase CLEANERS, to call and example for themselves.

They also manufacture common THRESII-ERS from \$45 to \$75 with Shakers complete .--Also an improved WHEAT DRILL, with a however, the creps new growing or being upon the land, with full right to efter on the land for the trouble of making Pins to be broke when the foot no time is lost by the seedsman; enabling him to shall be deducted from their monthly wages. seed one-fourth more per day. The Spring is war- It any workiner should cease to be in the employ-Corn and Cob Crushers \$15; Field Roller, Smooth and also the celebrated cast cutter from 50 to \$75. The Hagerstown Herald and Frederick Ezall Iron; Straw Cutters; Fooder Cutters; Corn | will be made until the price thereof shall have been Shellers, and 6 horse power McCormick's Premium | paid in full.

Wheat Beaner, We are also Agents for C. H. Meto hick, and have a number of his superior Reapers to hand which took the first Premium at the WCs. Pair. Persons wanting would do well to call early a perhaps they might be disappointed. Price \$125. Also, all kinds of Casting done on the shorteste notice, including Mill Castings; dressing Mill shall offer at public sate, to the highest bidder, at Irons, Picks, &c. All repairs done at the shortest my store in Middleway, on Saturday the 17th day notice, including Mill Castings; dressing Mill notice and most durable manner. -ZIMMERMAN & CO. June 17, 1852.

. NOTICE.

A LL persons having claims against the Estate A of Joseph E. Lane, deceased, are requested to present them to me, properly authenticaled, for setlement; and those indebted to the said Estate will find their bonds in my hands for collection. I can be found at my office from 9 till 4 o'clock, every day except when absent at Court. JOHN W. KENNEDY.

Attorney for Rebesca Ha tler, Executivity, of no 10, 1852. Joseph E. Lave, dec'd.

Notice. TN view of the early approach of the opening of I navigation on the C. & O. Canal, the undersigned will make known to the public, that they are now prepared to pay the highest market price for grain, of which a sample must be exhibited in every instance. We will furnish bags and receive grain at any of the Depots in the County, or at the "Old Furnace." BLACKBURN & CO. June 10, 1852. - Spirit.

Marvest Groceries, OWN SUGARS;

No. 1 Loat Sugar; No. 1 Crushed Sugar; No. I Pulverised Sugar; No. 1 Refined Sugar; No. 2 do do. Prime Rio COFFEE; Do Laguyra do; Do Java Best N. O. Molasses; Pine Apple and English Dairy Cheese; Green Teas, 75 cts. to \$150 per pound;

Extract of Coffee: Pure Mustard in cans and by the pound; Infallible Yeast Powder and Salaratus; First-rate common double Rectified Whiskey, Old Rye do; Tight Kegs (iron-bound) 5 and 10 galls; No. 1 Herring, Shad, Mackerel and Cod-Black Pepper, Cloves, Mace, Allapice; Ground Ginger, Ground Cinnarion;

Bark ditto, Nutmegs, &c. Ess. Lemon. Cinnamon and Peppermint; Extract of Vanilla. Salad Oil. &c. Painted Buckets, Sugar do, Cedar do. Stone, Earthen and Queensware. The above goods are all fresh and were selected ith great care, and will be sold at a small advance se who desire to purchase. H. L. EBY & SON.

RECOUNTING.

I have for sale a YOKE OF OXEN, on which I would give a credit until the 1st of January next. I am out a pair of Saddlebags, which I would be take place in front of the Court-House in Charles-dal to get again, CHARLES YATES. town, at 12 c there. M. on the day above mentioned June 17, 1852.-3t

Harvest Goods.

DROWN, Crushed and Loaf Sugars; D Coffee; Tea, Green and Black; Cradling Sevikes and Cradles: 10 doz. Rakes, (Thompson's make); Common Knives and Porks, Spoons; Plates, Dishes, Mugs, Bowls, &c.; Rifles and What Stones: 10 bbls. N. O. Molasses. b s':

15 bbls. 12 months old Whisker, the best that can be offered in town. We request a call from our friends and cus-HARRIS & RIDENOUR. June 10, 1852.

Laths. 30,000 SUPERIOR Laths, just received, and for sale by JOHN G. MORRIS & CO. Charlestown Depot, June 10, 1852.

Boys For Mirc. TIWO active negro Boys to Hire out for the bal-L ance of the year, one 10 the other It years old. Both raised in the house. Apply to June 3 1852. HARRIS & RIDENOUR,

Merring. TITE have just received a lot of very superior VV Herring, which we offer cheap. J. G MORRIS & CO.

Fish! Fish!!

THE undersigned, agent for Ino. A. Gibson, has 1 a supply of Herring by the barrel or hundred, as well a prime lot of Shad, which will be sold on ISRAEL RUSSELL. fair terms. Harpers-Ferry, May 25, 1852.

Bron! Iron!! Iron!!! UST received and on hand a large lot of Tire Irons, of all sizes and of superior quality, also round Iron from 3-6 to 1-4 inch, all sizes square do., H. S. Bars, Nail Rods, Hughe's Plough and Bar Iron, all sizes, &c. All the above Iron we can warrant and will sell yery low for each or punctual May 20, 1852. T. RAWLINS & SON,

Ladies Shoes and Gaiters. E invite the attention of the Ladies to our very large assortment of Philadelphia made Gaiters, Shoes, Rid and Morocco Slippers, and Ties-Child's and Misses every variety at lower

prices than ever offered in this town. All work sold by us the rips are mended free of charge.

April 29, 1852. HARRIS & RIDENOUR. Notice to Teachers. WISH to employ a Teacher to take charge of La Free School in District No. 11. Salary \$275 per annum. None need apply who cannot furnish

ions, as to qualifications, sobriety, and good moral character. DAVID FRY. Commissioner in District No. 11.

Wanted 110 hire, a GIRL to attend children-to a good L one liberal wages will be given. Jane 10, 1853. Fresh Supply.

TUST received 4 boxes Oranges, 4 boxes Lemons, J 4 boxes Citron. Also, Raisins, Currants, Prunes, Preserved Ginger, &c. Nuts of every variety, warranted fresh and good. J. F. BLESSING. June 10, 1852. Boots and Shoes.

TARRIS & RIDENOUR'S is the place to find good and cheap Shoes and Boots for [Jane 10, 1852. Harvest. Lime.

50 BUSHELS of Fresh Burnt Lime suitable for White Washing, for sale by May 20, 1852. JOHN L. HOOFF. Salt. 50 SACKS Fine and G. A. Salt just received by June 3. FBY & SON. TRAVELLING TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS, of the best Philadelphia make, for sale by LOCK, CRAMER & LINE.

June 3, 1852.

PURE COD LIVER OIL, for sale by June 3. LANCE GRAMER & LINE, dicrofilm Collection

Sale of Harpers-Ferry Lots. (N. Watnerslay, the first day of September, 1852,

in pulsuance of orders from the Secretary of War, will be sold, at Harpers-Ferry, Va., certain portions of LAND belonging to the United States at that place. The sale will made in Lots according to a plan recently made by S. Howell Brown, Surveyor of Jefferson county, Va., which will be exhibited on the day of sale; and which can be seen at the ordinance Bureau of the War Department at Washington, and in the office of the Superintendent of he Armory at Harpers-Ferry. Terms of Suc. One Fourth, Cash, payable on the day of sale; and the remainder in two equal instalments, at one and two years from the date of sale. If the whole amount of each instalment shall be punctually paid when the same falls due, no interest shall be charged thereon; otherwise, interest at the rate of six per cent, per annum shall be charged on such instalments from the date of sale, until the final payment thereof. Workmen employed at the United States Armory, will be allowed to purchase not exceeding two lots, on the following terms, viz: One-fourth, eash; and the remainder at one, two, three and for r years without comes in contact with rocks, stamps, &c., so that to the one-twelfth part of each annual instalment,

rapted not to break by seeding. The farmers will | ment of the government, he will thence forward on please call and see for themselves. All other Mu- instalments to haining due on property purchased hinery constantly on hand at low prices including | by bin, be subject to the same conditions as other Purchasers, N. B. No deed of Conveyance for any of the lots June 17, 1852 .- ts.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY authority of a Deed of Trust from John S. Grantham and Thomas Johnson, to me, for the benefit of Nathan Barnes, of record in the Clerk's office of the County Court of Jefferson, I of July next, the lot of ground situated on the West side of the Lower or King Street in said Town, being the same conveyed to me by said Deed of Trust, and on which are situated a DWELLING HOUSE, and other valuable improvements, and also a BLACKSMITH'S SHOP. This lot is the same that formerly belonged to Nathan Barnes, and more recently to the said J. S. Grantham and T. Johnson. Possession of the house and lot to be given as soon as the terms of sale are complied with, and of

the Blacksmith's Shop on the first day of January TERMS or Sals .- Cash. GEO. H. BECKWITH,

Commissioner's Sale

Valuable Jefferson Land.

BY virtue of a decretal order, rendered at the last term of the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, in the cause of Whiting's administrator vs. Douglass' heirs, &c., the undersigned, as special commissioner, will proceed to sell, at public auction, to the leighest bidder, on Wednesday, the 30th day of June, 1852, the valuable and very desirable FARM, near

Charlestowa, upon which the Hon. Isaac R. Donglass resided at the time of his death, excepting the part heretolire sold, and the widow's dower. The parts now to be sold consist of the body of land around the mansion house, containing exclusive of the four acres assigned to the widew, (the reversion in which will be sold with the rest,) about Acres. Also, the Lot on the east side of to Roderick's mill, containing about 14 Acres, and the detached Wood-Lot adjoining Abraham Isler, containing in the whole lot 20 Acres -four acres of which however was a so assigned to the widow as dower, and the reversion in which is to be sold with the residue of the said lot. Any one wishing to purchase can ascertain the particulars as to said several parcels of hand, by reference to the plats, &c., filed in the record of the above mentioned cause. The whole will be sold together or in separate

lots to suit purchasers, as may be deemed expedient on the day of sale.

The sale will be by the acre and on the follow. ing terms, to wit: So much cash in hand on the day of sale as will be required to meet expenses of sale. The residue of the purchase money to be divided into four equal payments at six, twelve, eighteen and twenty-tour months-with interest on each from the day of sale-said deferred payments to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser with a deed of

trust on the premises. A further description of sald property is deemed unnecessary, as it is well known to be one of the doubtiess examine for himself. The tiefe is believed to be indisputable. Sale to

town, at 12 c'dlock, M., on the day above mentioned. DAVID HOWELL, June 10, 1852. Special Comm.

PUBLIC SALE, O' S dur dry the 17th day of July next, at Daniel Entier's lifetel in Shepherdstown, will be sold at public v-hdue, a Lot in Shephernstown, the property of Wm. Shortt, dec'd, tying at Blackford's Ferry landing. On this Lot there is a good DWELLING HOUSE, and a large new STONE WAREHOUSE and sundry out-houses. This is an excellent Depot for produce, to be transported on the Chesapenice & Ohio cara', and a very desirable position for any person disposed to engage in the produce business. Mr. Shortt was engaged in that business for many years before his death, and the property was arranged to suit it. The Lot will be sold in the whole, or in parcels as should be deemed best on the day of sale. TERMS OF SALE -One-third cash, and the bal-

ance in two qual instalments at one and two years from the day of sale. The deferred payments to be ecured by bonds with good personal security.
V. M. BUTLER, Adm'r with the will annexed of Shepherdsdown, June 10. Wm. Shortt, dec'd.

Spring and Summer Clothing. THE undersigned having enlarged their Store A Room, have now on hand at their Clothing Emparium, the most superior stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING ever offered in Harpers-Ferry, for the present Spring and Summer frade, where purchasers can be accommodated with the following assortment of

Ready-Made Clothing: Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, all qualities; Drawers, Boots, Hats, three qualities; Rough and Ready Hats, Caps, a vesy large supply; all of which wil be sold on reasonable terms and prices that cannot fail to please. Also, a superior lot of Silk, Cotton, and Gingham Pocket and Neck Hanikerchiefs Cravats, Gloves, Socks, Suspenders, Umbrellas, Canes, Pen Khives, Razor Strops, &c. &c.

TRUNKS VALICES & CARPET-BAGS. This being the largest stock of Ready-Made Clothing ever offered in Harpers-Ferry, they ask a call from all purcchasers desirous of being served on reasonable terms, either wholesale or retail. N. B. Persons that cannot be accommodated with our present stock of Clothing, are informed that we are prepared to have Clothing made to order at short notice and a guarantied FIT at the same

* We return our sincere thanks to the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and vicinity, for the very liberal patronage we have received, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, as we pledge ourselves there shall be nothing wanting on our part to render general satisfaction, both in Goods and Prices. R. WALTER & BRO. Harpers Ferry, May 6, 1852.

WILLIAM J. STEPHENS, MERCHANT TAILOR, And Ready-Made Clothier. - HARPERS-FERRY, VIRGINIA,

now prepared to supply the wants of the outer man, as regards Closis, Cassimeres and Vesting, which he will make up to order, in the latest Fashion and shortest notice. A call from the public is requested. Moderate prices and good fits guarantied the cus-Ready Made Clothing.

A large and extensive assortment of Ready-Made Clothing, strituble to the season-got up in the best manner, and are in perfect order. Call and examine them early if you desire a good quality and a well made article. N. B. I have also a large and extensive assortment of Ready-Made Clothing, in a more or less soiled state by being flooded by the late unprecedented high water which, though as to ware no actual damage is done them, yet in consequence of the linings being spiled, I will offer them to the public. at such reduced prices for eash, as will make it an

FOR SALE, ON liberal terms as to price and credit, a two horse CARRITAGE, in good order, well tried and found to be well built of excellent material by Barnhart. Also, the right in one half of an approv-

object to the buyer. An early call from the public

WM. J. STEPHENS.

ed WHEAT SHEESHER apply to JOHN J. H. STRAITH, June 10, 1852. — Agent for the numer. Blessing's Ice Cream Saloon. IS now open for the reception of Ladies and Gen-I themen. Those who prefer can be supplied by the quart or gallen, on short notice. Every kind of Cake kept constantly on hand. J. F. BLESSING.

CAPON SPRINGS.

THE "MOUNTAIN HOUSE," at this por ular and well established watering place, will be regularly opened for the reception of visitors under experienced management, on Monday th 28th day of June. Ne pains or expense will spared to place Caron upon a fuoting, in a point comfort and pleasure with any summer resort

the Union. Through tickets may be obtained from all the adjacent cities. The cars from Baltimore and Washington communicating with the line of sixgos from Winchester to Capon, will give a rapid and agreeable transit. THE PROPRIETORS. June 17, 1859-1m.

JORDAN'S Wh te Sulphur Springs,

FIVE MILES PROM WINCHESTER Frederick Co., Va., and one and a half miles from Stephenson's Depot, on the Winchester ar Potomac Railroad, will be opened ON THE 10TH OF THE PRESENT MONTH, (JUNE) interest, provided, they agree that an amount equal | For the reception of Visiters. The Proprietor, a means to render the Visitors comfortable, and

sisted by P. M. and G. N. Jordan, will use every make their time pass pleasantly. The situation of the place is perfectly healthy and pleasant. The scenery from the surrounding hills beautiful ;-Those who have for many years visited this ard the celebrated Greenbrier White Sulphur testily the effects are very similar. Visitors from Washington, Alexandria, Georgetown and Baltimore. leave in the morning and arrive in due time to dine. Through tickets will be issued from the above places. Telegraphie dispatches to Winchester. P. O., Stephenson's Depot.

Coaches await the Cars at Stephenson's

June 10, 1852, SHANNONDALE SPRINGS.

BRANCH JORDAN,

THIS healthy and fashionable watering place, situated at the base of a spur of the Blue Ridge Mountain, in the County of Jefferson, five miles South of Charlestown, will be opened for the reception of visitors, on the 15th of the present

month, Junc, under the superintendance of the undersigned, who will use every effort in his power to render it one of the most attractive and agreeable watering pla-

The Cars from the Atlantic Cities of Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and also from the cities of Washington, Georgetown, Alexandria, Fredericksburg and Richmond, will convey passengers in a few hours to Charlestown, from which place the Proprietor will convey them in COACHES over a good road and through a beau-

tiful country to the Springs.

The Analysis made by Dr. De Butts from 100 grains of the water afforded, 63 grains of salphate of | 1 grain muriate of Magnesia; 101 grains carbonate of | 1 grain muriate of Soda ; 3-10 grains of Sulphate Lime: 234 grains of Sulphate of Iron :

of Alaguesia, (Epsom | 7-10 grains of earbonate of Iron : Therefore the Shannondale Water may be ju-tly and properly classed with the saline chalybeates; a combination of the most valuable medicinal qualities in the whole range of mineral waters. THE TABLE,

will always be found the best valley and mountain | Office, for one year. mutton; Roast beef, &c.; together with all other uxuries which the rich Vallev of Virginia affords. G. W. SAPPINGTON. Proprietor Shannondale Springs.

Let all the world say what they can, For selling Prizes M. Ansel &Co. are the man! M. ANSEL & CO, Exchange and Lottery Brokers

Corner of Raltimore and Light Streets, HAVE to inform their friends and the public in general, that the following Lotteries will be drawn in the City of Baltimore during the month of JUNE, and from the good luck which has attened us during the month of May, we feel confident in saying that many of the High Prizes will be sold by us. During the month of May we had the pleasure of selling :

Nos. 6 18 49 \$7.000 to Loudoun county Va. 3 36 53 6 000 Clarke 10 30 42 1.500 Berkeley 49 59 68 12,000 Kanawha 26 45 66 11,000 11 25 55 1,000 Frederick Charlestown, 1 8 61 2,900 Leesburg. 2 9 17 2,500 Loadoun 38 59 70 1 250 Winchester. 42 51 73 -1,500 Monongalia Berkeley 4 19 51 500

Besides many others too numerous to mention.

WE ONLY SAY, NO RISK NO GAIN!

Prize, to give M. ANSEL & CO., another trial,

and no doubt that Dame Portune will smile in those who have not drawn a Prize as when she cid on those who have. We now present the following Lotteries for JUNZ: Date. Copital. Ticket. \$20 000 26,000 21,500 30,000 18.656 15,000 60,000

33,000 SMALL FRY! SMALL FRY!! Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday will be drawn the lavorite Small Fry Lotteries-Capitals 3, 4 and \$5,000-Tickets \$1-Certificate of Package of whole tickets, \$15, halves \$7.50, quarters

3 of 15,000

24.000

28

All orders strictly confidential, and the print- 119 Acres I Rood 28 Perches. ed official drawing will be sent as soon as the I ot-All Prizes paid by as at sight, in gold or bankable money.

For a good Prize and prompt attention, Address, M. ANSEL & CO., Corner of Ballimore and Light Streets. BALTIMORE, MD. Splend d Lotteries, for June, 1852. GREGRORY & MAURY, MANAGERS.

(Successors to J. W. Maury & Co.) 865,500! 100 PRIZES OF \$1,000!

OTTERY, for the benefit of the State of Dela-11 ware, Class B, for 1852, to be drawn at Wilmington, Del., on Saturday, June 26th, 1852. Fourteen Drawn Numbers out of 75. 21 SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 Splendid capital of 1 Splendid prize of 1 de 100 Prizes of 100 do 160 do (lowest 3 No. prizes) &c. &c. Whole Tickets \$20-Halves \$10-Quarters \$5-

Certificates of packages of 25 Wholes of 25 Halves do of 25 Quarters of 25 Eighths 31: 60 Orders for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of WOULD respectfully make kown to his customers and the public generally, that he is count of each drawing sent immediately after it is over to all who order from m E. E. O'BRIEN, Agent, (Successor to J & C. MAURY) Address-

Eighths \$1,50.

Alexandria, Virginia. June 3, 1852. TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity, that he has taken the shop, two doors East of the Valley
Bank, formerly occupied by James Clothier, for York wholesale prices. No humbur come one J. M. SKIFF.

Tailering Business, in all its various branches. He hopes by strict attention, and a desire to please, that he may share a portion of the public patronage. NEW YORK FASHION received monthly, which enables him to give the latest style JOHN SNYDEL

Portrait Painting, &c.

May 20, 1852-1y.

THE understaned occupies the room adjoining the FREE PRESS OFFICE, where he is devoting his attention in painting
PORTRAITS AND LANDSCAPES, & C. To those who may favour him with the opportunity he pledges himself to exert his best abilities in de-lineating their features, &c., on liberal terms. Specimens of his Art may be seen by calling t DAVID E. HENDERSON. Charlestown, May 20, 1852. CHEESE -- 10 Boxes Cheese just received by EBY & SON

Public Sale of Real Estate. UNDER the authority of the last will and testament of Mrs. Mary Taylor, dec'd, and of a Decree of the Circuit Court of Clarke County, prenounced on the 14th day of May, 1832, the undersigned as Executor and Commissioner, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, on Saturday the 26th day of June, 1852, in one or more parcels as may be desired, the tract of LAND on which John B. Taylor and family now reside, called " Soldiers' Rest," lying about a half mile from Berryville tha

County seat of Clarke County, containing about 400 Acres,

flity acres of it in timber. This tract of land is rated in the County among the very best farms; most favorably located for every purpose; it lies alongside the Berryville and Charlestown Turnpike which conneces with the Turnpike leading to Winchester 10 miles distant, with the Turnpike leading to Millwood, thence of Alexandria, with the Turnpike by way of Scickers Ferry to Leesburg, and thence to Washington, and is distant from Thompson's Depot on the Winchester and Peternac Rail Road about 6 miles. It has a fine bold, never failing stream of water run ming through the centre, nearly; and it has a large Dwelling House on it which with some repair may be made an excellent House. Besides these and other advantages, its nearness to Berryville, where there are three or four churches, two academies male and female in a flourishing condition, and a variety of good mechanics, gives it a peculiar advantage

ver other farms of its quality.

The terms and conditions of sale, will be parties lar made known on the day of sale; it will be sufficient to say now that \$1,500 will be required on tho 1st of November, 1852; \$5000 on the 1st of Nev. 1853-residue if desired by the purchaser may be retained in his hands until the deaths of John B. Taylor and wife-interest however on all the purchase money. The purchaser to have partial possession at once, reserving the right to take the crops growing on the land. Bond with security conditioned to comply with terms of sale. P. McCORMICK, May 27, 1852. Erecutor and Commissioner.

Valuable Weverton Property AT PRIVATE SALE. TIME undersigned, as agent of the Waterton 1 Mar. ufacturing Company, will receive sealed

First day of July, 1852. for the purchase of Company's

FLOURING MILL, in Virginia, with sufficient water power for the same, and about 8 ACRES OF LAND, more or less. The said Mill is located on the

south side of the Petomac River adjacent to a fine wheat growing county, of easy access, and immediately opposite the Depots on the Baltimore and Ohio Kailroad, and Chesapeake and Ohio Canal. The MiLL is of Stone, Three Stories high, has four run of Burrs, is capable of making from 50 to 100 bbls, of floar per day, has the credit of making as good flour as any Mill in Virginia, and has a a large run of custom.

There is also a good and comfortable DWELLING

The above property if not sold, will be rented at

attached thereto. All proposals are to be endorsed proposals, and addressed, post-paid, to the subscriber, at Weverton. Frederick county, Md.

public sale, to the highest bidder, on the 5th day of as heretofore shall recommend itself; upon which July, 1852, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Weverton Post WILLIAM NEWTON, Agent. FOR SALE.

TWO VERY DESIRABLE FARMS,

Near Winchester Frederick County, Va.

WISHING to purchase a Farm in Fauquier, once the residence of my father, I am induced to offer for sale my TWO TRACTS OF LAND, in Frederick, known as " Shady Oak," and " Buena Vista," and now occupied by me-containing each about TWO HUNDRED AND TWEN TY-SEVEN ACRES. They are situated on and near the Valley Turnpike, six miles South of Winchester, and adjoin the farms of Richard W. Barton, D. W. Barton, and the out-lots of Newtown, where there is a Post Office, saveral stores, and good mechanics of almost every description. A large flour and grist mill is close at hand, affording a good market, and the Winchester market-the terminus of a Railroad connecting with the Baltimore Road and the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal at the pest thacadantized roads in the State. Each

cleared lands are well arranged for easy access and proper rotation in farming. The soil for the most part is strong limestone, in good cultivation and in an improving condition. On each Tract is a comfortable TWO STORY STONE DWELLING, with good Barns and the usual out-houses. One of We now say to those who have not drawn a the Tracts (Shady Oak) is watered by a mill stream and several copious and never-failing springs, while the other has an excellent well and good ponds. Fine meadows may be made on each place. The Tracts may be bought separately or together. The Terms of Sale will be accommodating in

Tract has an ample supply of Timber, and the

regard to time, and my price is not higher than that for which such lands in worse locations have been selling in the county. Persons wishing to buy, will apply to me on the lands, or to D. W. Barton in Winchester. They will please apply before the 1st of July, as after that, if I do not sell, I shall begin to fallow. My Post Office is Newtown, Frederick county. Va.

May 20, 1852. THOMAS MARSHALL. PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of two deeds of Trust executed by William McPherson the one on the 9th day of March, 1816, and the other on the 15th day of Mar, 1846, and both recorded in the County Court of Jefferson County, -- deed book no. 28 page 49 and 113-and as Executor of said William MePherson I will offer for sale at the UNION MILLS, on Thursday the first day of July next.

of the most valuable land in the county of Jefferson. Also the one moiety of the reversion in fee of and in 137 Acres of the same quality of land, being the one half of the dower land of the widow of Daniel McPherson. Title indisputable. TERMs.-One-fourth cash, the balance in one, two and three years in equal payments with interest from the day or sale-bond and security and a deed of Trust. Possession given immediately. The

crops reserved. WM. C. WORTHINGTON, May 20, 1852.- Spirit WOOL CARDING

AND Manufacturing at Brucetown. THE subscribers having their Woolen Estab-A lishment at Bracetown, in complete repair, are now ready to receive Wool from those who

have it to Card, or desire it manufactured into

Wool will be received either to be carded or mannfactured into various kinds of goods: Such as Cloths, Tweeds, Cassimers, Blankets, Flantels Fullel and Plaid Linsers, Coverlets, Stocking Yarns, Carpeting, &c., &c., all of which will be sold on liberal terms, or exchanged for Wool. All work entrusted to our care shall be executed with despatch and punctuality, in a style not inferior to any in the country. Having located permanently, we would respect-

fully say, that we are determined to do business on fair terms, and will study the interest and advantage of those who may favor us with their trade. The Machinery is new, and of the most approved Hard Soap, Lard and Country Produce will be taken in exchange for work done.

WM. JOBE & CO. Brucelown, May 27, 1852. At Cost! A. Cest !: LARGE and elegant assortment of Watches,

A Clocks, Jewelry, &c., at cost, for the next thirty days. These goods consist of Gold and Silver Watches of every description; Gold Chains, Penzils, Rings, Bar Hoops and Drops, Breast Pins, Keyes, Seals, &c; Gold and Silver Spectacles; Silver and plated Spoons and Forks; with many other articles too numerous to men

Harpers-Ferry, May 13,-1852. Advertisement. WANTED to borrow EIGHT of TEN HOU-SAND DOLLARS, for a series frear Apply to WM. T. Da ecurity.

Harpers-Ferry, Va., March 1, 1852.

A LARGE assertines of Kettles, Pots of all states, Ovens, Skiller as, Spiders, Griddles, Entra Oven and Skillet his, all sizes, Tea Rethes, dec. at greatly redoced prices justificative but local May 20, 1856.

T. RAWLINS & SON.

Cady Made Clothing I a subscriber now having his stock comwish to buy their Chores Ready Muslem There I no motive now to go to distant places to buy make Goods of superior make and quality can be bought cheaper in lown. Boys clothing, very cheap.

Charlestown, May 13. ISAAC RASE.

Virginia Free Press

SARSAPARILLA

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IN QUART BOTTLES.

FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT

CURE OF ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM

AN IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD,

OR HABIT OF THE SYSTEM.

and every day the field of its usefulness is extend-

It is approved, and highly recommended by Physicians and admitted to be the most proverful and

been emp oyed in medical practice. Its operation

inal agents is highly desirable. All these proper-

ties are combined in this preparation; and instead

of operating specessively upon the system, as they

must necessarily do when taken separately, they op-

erate simultaneously, and in perfect harmony when

administered in this form. Its tonic property

strengthens the digestion, and improves the appetite

Its alterative tendebey carries off the accumulations

of morbid mat er, -and its antiseptic influence neu

tralizes the virus, by which the disease fostered.

Its uniform success in curing and relieving the va-

rious diseases for which it is recommended, is es-

CURE OF BRONCHITIS, OR MINISTER'S

SORE THROAT.

Messrs. Sanus -I regard it but justice to your-

selves, and humanity to all similarly afflicted, to

say, that your Sarsaparilla has cured me of the

It would be difficult for me to describe the alarm-

ing condition of my throat and vocal organs previ-

ous to the use of your invaluable remedy. During

nearly three years I was forced to desist from the

public duties of my profession; and having ma e

use of a great variety of professed specifics, besides

submitting to more than thirty extremely painful

caustic applications, I had abandoned all hope of

relief when, as a dernier resort, I was led to the tri-

My disease was of so long standing, and had so

obstinately resisted the best medical skill, that I am

conscious it cannot truly be said, my " faith hath

saved me," for: I had none; but I trust I feel in

some appropriate degree grateful for the favorable

result above named. I have now been able to ar-

tend to the duties of the pastorate for more than a

year, and having proved from actual experiment

the thoroughness of the cure, I could not feel justi-

I am accustomed to keep a bottle of come Clas

Very gratefully yours,

parilla at hand, and whenever exposed to colds, or

S. C. BROWN, Pastor of Centre st. M. E. Church,

FROM THE STATE OF MAINE.

The attention of the reader is called to the follow

Gentleman .- This is to certify that I have been

afflicted more or less ever since my birth, with

February. In January, my legs were so swollen I

could not get on a boot or stocking, and I bad sev-

eral large sores on me all the time. In this situa-

tion, I was about to give up in despair, when I was

til I had taken five bottles. I am new perfectly

flicted with any disease of Scrotula, I would most of Sanas Sarsaparina. It any person wishes tur

ther information about my case, by calling upon me

P. S.—We are personally acquainted with Mr. Haywood, and believe his statement above to be

& D. SANDS, Druggists and Chemists, 100 Ful

Gardner & Rohr's Wheat Drill.

OR

SEED PLANTER.

TITHE undersigned having purchased the right to

1. manufacture and sell this unequalled Drill in

the counties of Loudoun, Clarke, and the southern

half of Jefferson, are now fully prepared at their

establishment in Charlestown to furnish to order

any number of Drills, made in the most substantial

This Wheat Drill performs the triple work of

Drilling, Sowing and Covering by the same move-

ment thereby saving much time and labor. It will

plant point rows, and all irregular shaped fields,

with a saving of from 10 to 15 per cent, in labor. It

and wherever it has been introduced has given en-

This Deill took the first premium at the Valley

Agricultural Exhibition in October last. Also, the

Belmont county, Ohio, October 23, 1851.

first premium at the Agricultural Exhibition for

We have in our possession a large number of

certificates, recommending this Drill to the farmer

as having no superior. Among the number the fol-

of the Wheat Drills, patented by Gervis S. Gard-

per and George Rohr, and now sold by Messrs.

Benson, O'Bannon and Hunt. I do not suppose

any intelligent farmer would now dispute the ad

vantage of drilling over broadcast sowing; I also

consider the above Drill altogether equal to any

drill now to use, and the advantage of applying a

compost box to it, makes it very desirable. The

compost part of the drill acts well in every particu-

lar and is one of the greatest inventions of the day

for the farmer; it might well be called the farmer's

We have for sale a fine lot of Mould Boards and

REMOVAL.

town and public in general as a Watch and Clock

repairer in all its various branches, viz: Duplex

Lever, Lepine. Repeating, Horizontal and common

Watches, will be carefully repaired and warranted

and will also repair French Accordeens and Music

Boxes. I'rom my experience in business, I flatter

myself that I can suit those who may favor me

Watches and Accordeons left at Mr. A. M. Cri-

dler's Apo herary Shop, Harpers-Ferry, will be at-

Cheap Goods from the Philadelphia

Auctions.

BLEACHED and unbleached Tablecloths, Irish and French Linens, Barege and Muslin de Luines, Parasols, needle-worked Cuffs, Collars and

Capes, and a great many other articles at very low

Charlestown, May 13, 1852.

CARDAN Hoes, Long Shovels, test 4 Prong

T Forks, Toy Rakes, Wagon Boxes, Pinishing

BOOKS! BOOKS!!-A well selected let of

MARTIN EICHELBERGER.

O'BANNON & CO.

W. T. McDONALD.

L. M. SMITH.

friend, as it saves both time and labor.

HAVE removed my shop from

March 19:1859

March 21, 1851.

prices. Call and see.

May 6, 1352.

Wagon Boxes.

I have used on my farm and am still using one

O'BANNON, HENSON & HUNT.

manner. All orders promptly attended to.

STEPHEN C. HAYWOOD.

DILLINGHAM & TITCOMB.

L. M. SMITH.

L. P. HARTMAN.

Winchester.

I can convince them of the healing power

For Sale by

April 1, 1852.

tire satisfaction.

Sidney, (Maine,) April 15, 1850.

fied in longer withholding this statement.

extra labor, still use it as a preventive.

only five bottles of Sands' Sarsaparilla.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands:

FAIR HAVEN, Mass., Aug. 22d 1850.

tablished by a multitude of attested facis

Chronic Laryngitis.

al of your Sarsaparilla.

The value of his Medicine is now widely known,

AEW YOR

Two Dollars and Fifty Cents Payable half yearly; but Two Dougans will be taken in payment in fell, if paid entirely in advance. Whenever payment is deferred beyond the expiration of the year interest will be charged. 172 Subscriptions for six menths, \$1 25, to be

paid invariably in advance.

. ADVERTISING. The terms of advertising are, for a square or less \$1, for three insertions-larger ones in the same proportion. Each continuance 25 cents per square.

All advertisements not ordered for a specific time, will be continued until forbid and charged ac-

MY V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper Agent is the only authorized agent for this paper in the cities of Boston, New York and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions, His offices are-HOSTON, Scellay's Building, NEW YORK, Tribune Building. Parlabelphia, N. W. corner of Third and Chesnut sts.

BALTIMORE AGENCY. Mr. WILLIAM THOMSON, No. 6 Carroll Hall Baltimore, Maryland, is an authorized Agent in the city of Baltimore, to receive Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., for the "Free Press," and a copy of the paper, terms, &c., can be found on file at his

VARIETY.

THE HEART-THE HEART.

The heart-the heart! oh, let it be A true and bounteons thing: As kindly warm, nob'y free, As eagle's nestling wing.

Shut in from all beside, But let its precious stores unfold, In mercy, far and wide.

Oh, keep it not like miser's gold,

The heart-the heart, that's truly blest, Is never all its own. Tio ray of glory light's the breast

That beats for self alone. The heart-the heart! oh, let it spare A sigh for other's pain, The breath that soothes brother's care

Is never spent in vain. And though it throb at gentlest touch, Or sorrow's faintest call, "Twere better it should ache too much

Than never ache at all. The heart-the heart that's truly blest, Is never all its own,

No ray of glory lights the breast, That beats for self alone. FROM THE CHINESE. Day by day the year progresses,

Year by year old age comes on; Spring the earth in garland dresses, Moons revolve, and spring is gone Since the hours of time are flying,

Oh! enjoy those flying hours! Sorrow, when life's flowers are dying, Will not wake the dying flowers. A GEM AS IS A GEM .- BY JINGO.

The sky is clear and bright, love, And all is blest but me.

But if I had an onion, and some snuff, and some tobacco, I think I could te-hee!

IF Some years ago there lived in this region, says a correspondent of the Knickerbocker Magazine, a "steam poet," familiarly known as "Old Beach." What think you of the following, suggested by him as an appropriate epitaph for a certain Deacon R --- , who died, leaving all his property to the missionary societies: "Here lies what's left of Deacon R-

He knows his own condition; To save his soul, he gave his all Unto the heathen mission: His children poor, turned out of door, For them he had no pity;

Old Satan, do your duty !" cate & Buthewent Anapparently, up sonhistisince, and asked for something to appease, his hunger. The keeper gave him a very good dinner, after which, the youth said to

If Heaven serves him as he served them,

'If you ever come up our way, call.' 'That wont pay. Your dinner is a quar-

his friend-

Oh, I han't got no money; but if you'll come up to Alleghany county, I'll give you

a better dinner for nothing.' 'Why,' said the keep r, 'you are very Why, yes, I am a very cool chap, so

that mother always makes me stand in the pantry in hot weather, to keep meat from

Isay, landlord,' said a man in a country village to a tavern keeper, 'how many liquors can I get for two long bits?'

' live,' said mine host. Well, fork em over. Come up, my boys, and drink. The liquoring completed, he pulls out

two old worn bridle bits, which were long enough in all conscience. It is needless to say how savage the landlord looked when his customer walked coolly out amidst the shouts of the crowd. There is more of the true teaching of

Christianity in these four little lines than is contained in many an elaborate sermon preached in a pulpit : " If thy neighbor should sin, old Christoval said,

Never, never, unmerciful be! For remember it is by the mercy of God Thou art not as wicked as he!"

THOUGHTLESS AND HEARTLESS PARENTS .-The Cincinnati Sun reports the fact of a fashionable lady and gentleman driving a splendid carriage to the steamboat landing. and left their baby in the vehicle, until the driver had gone back to the stable, when by accident, he discovered it, and on taking it to the interesting parents, the mother kissed her child and exclaimed, 'Oh, my dear, I thought we had forgot something-why in mercy didn't you think of it Harry ?'

A little lawyer appearing as evidence at one of the courts, was asked by the gigantie counsellor, what profession he was of. and having replied that he was an attorney - You a lawyer !' said Brief, ' why, I can put you in my pocket.'

'Very likely you may,' rejoined the other, 'and if you do, you will have more law in your pocket than in your head.'

Why does the friction of various | Harpers-Ferry to Charlestown, woods against each other vary? Because of in the office formerly occupied by the Tel graph company, opposite the Court House when wools; in general, giving more resistance services to the citizens of Charlesthan the hard woods; thus, yellow deal affords the greatest, and red teak the least friction. Soft metals also produce greater friction, under similar circumstances, than those which are hard .- G. Rennie.

Wife, said a tyrannical husband one morning to his abused consort, 'I wish you would make me a pair of false bosoms." 'I should think,' replied she, 'that one bosom as false as yours is, would be suffi-

il II A gentleman popping his head through a tailor's shop window, exclaimed-" What o'clock is it by your lapboard?-upon which he lifted up his lapboard and struck him a blow on the head, answering, "it has struck one."

13 It was the saying of a great divine, Sandries Received this Week. built on long observation, that he had found more good in bad people, and more bad in Nails and Erac's, Shoe Tacks, Augors, Chisels in sets, Chisel Handles, best Cast and Spring Steel Hand Saws Butt Hinges, Wheelrights Drawing, Mill Saw Files, &c. T. RAWLINS & SON. good people, than he ever expected.

IT A perfumed newspaper has been started down east' by an outerprising yanken. Each sheet upon being opened for peruml' emits all the exquisite perfume of eau de rose,



I OFFER at private sale the PARM upon which I reside, situated about four miles northwest of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., adjoining the lands of W. T. Washington, R. Worthington, Geo. L. Washington and others, and containing about 260 ACRES OF LAND. thirty of which are in timber, the balance in arable

mostly post and cap-fence. The improvements consist of a large, convenient and newly built Dwelling containing seven rooms, with cellars under the whole -smoke house, ice house, servants' houses, stabling, corn house, and a large granary divided into garners, capable of holding 2000 bushels of wheat. All the buildings necessary for the confort and convenience of a family have been erected within a few years past and are in good repair. There is upon the farm a variety of choice fruit selected from the best nurseries and most of them now bearing, viz: apples, peacaes, cherries. apricots, plums, &c. The land has been farmed exclusively with a view to its improvement, clover and plaster has been freely uccu, and it is now in a fine state of cultivation. The Winchester and Potomac Railrad 14 miles distant, and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad 4 miles distant, offer great facilities for the transportation of the produce of the

searching preparation from the Loot, that has ever The Harpers-Ferry and Smithfield Turnpike affords a good and safe route to Charlestown at all extends to the remotest parts of the system, and seasons of the year. consists in removing diseased action in the absorb Its location will compare favorably with that of ing and secreting organs. In man, Nature seldom any farm in the county of Jefferson, as regards effects, unassisted, the cure of any virulent disease. health, society, fertility of soil, or facilities to marbut requires the aid of a stimulant, alterative, or ket. Persons wishing to purchase land, well improved, with every thing to hand, are requested to antiseptic medicine. In diseases of the skin and flesh, a combination of these three classes of mediccall and view the premises.

For terms apply to the subscriber, living upon the premises, or if by letter, addressed to Charlestown.

R. G. McPE ERSON.

October 23, 1851.— tf.

"Buena Vista" in Market. THE undersigned will sell, on accommodating terms, one of the most desirable FARMS in the Valley of Virginia, situated about three miles south-east o Shepherdstown, Jefferson county, adjoining the lands of Dr. I. H. Taylor, George Licklider, Conrad Shindler and others, and is within three miles of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and

the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal. This Farm con-193 Acres, 25 of which are in thrifty timber; the balance in arable land. It is divided into eight fields, including two meadows of about fifteen acres. There is a stream of water running through the centre of the Farm, to which there is access from each field.

There is also a Spring of water near the Dwelling The improvements, all recently built, consist of a two story House, (unfinished) containing six rooms. The out-buildings consist of a Stable. Corn Crib and Wagon-shed. There is upon this Farm an Orchard of Choice fruit. A more minute ccscription is demmed unnecessary, as it is presumed persons wishing to purchase will examine the property for themselves.

If the above Tract of Land is not sold privately before SATURDAY the 28th day of August, it will on that day be offered at public sale, in front of Mr. Daniel Entler's Hotel in Shepherdstown. For fur ther particulars, apply to the undersigned in Shepherdstown, Jefferson county, Va. EDWARD C. WILLIAMS.

House & Lot in Harpers-Ferry, For Sale. T AM authorized by the owner, R. H. Hoffman

I to offer, at private sale, the Two Story Brick House. situated on the Island, fronting the W. & P. Rail ing certificate of a remarkable cure effected by using road. The house has a good Garden and suitable Out-buildings, and is in all respects a comfortablsituation.

The terms, to a good purchaser, will be accom modating. Any person desirons of purchasing wil have every attention given them by the undersigned Scrofela, which continued to increase until last for a full examination of the premises. REZIN CROSS, Agent.

PAPERING AND PAINTING.

advised to try Sands' Sarsaparilla. I had not much faith in it, but I sent to your agents in Augusta. FITHE undersigned, thankful to the citizens of Me., and procured a bottle, which did me so much Jefferson for the liberal patronage extended to good, that I sent and got another, and continued unhim in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he has made special arrangements to execute well. If any person who may read his letter is af-

at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. In quality or style of his workmanship, he is willing that his work itself shall be his recommendation, and therefore refers to the work executed at the residences of DR. G. F. MASON, V. W. MOORE,

Prepared and sold wholesale and retail, by A. B. Charlestown, and the Graining at the residence of ton st., corner of William, New York. Sold also Mr. Lewis W. Washington. His terms are most reasonable, and by prompt by Druggist's generally throughout the United ness and fidelity to those who patronize him, he States and Canadas. Price \$1 per bottle; six bothones to receive a liberal share of encouragement He will execute any description of Work in his line when desired, in any part of this or the neigh-WILLIAM KIMES. boring counties. Charlestown, April 22, 1852-6m.

I. N. CARTER and J. W. BELLER,

New Style Paper Hangings. S. GRIFFITH begs leave to call the atten-T. tion of his customers and the public generally to his Paperhanging Warehouse, and examine his well selected assortment, as it embraces all the newest patterns. Fine French Gilt Papers, for Parlors;

do Gothic, Panel and Column Paper, of every Glazed and Common Papers of every description French and American Bird Board Prints; Borders;

Landscape Views. &c. Also, may be found. Venitian Blinds, both wide and narrow slats; Patent Blinds; Transparent Window Shades, &c.; all of which we are now selling at re-G. S. GRIFFITH, Paperhanging Warehouse, 122 Balt. st., will, with ease for two horses, plant from 8 to 10 acres per day of Wheat, Barley, and other small grains. This Machine has been in use two seasons, April 29, 1852. next to the Patriot Office.

WM. KNABE. HENRY GAERLE, EDW. BETTS. FIRST PREMIUM GRAND AND SQUARE BEAMO BORTES. HNABE, GAEHLE & CO., MANUFACTURERS.

Nos. 4, 6, S and 9 Eutaw street, opposite Eutaw House, W CULD respectfully invite public attention (and particularly those in want of a Superi-(and particularly those in want of a Superior PIANO FORTE at moderate price.) to the extensive assortment constantly on sale at their Warerooms. Our establishment is now the most extensive South, numbering over one hundred workmen, with a well selected stock of seasoned materials, from which, we are manufacturing PIANO FOR-TES, combining the most valuable improvements

Our Iron frame Piano Fortes, for which we have received First Premiums for three successive years, (from the Maryland Institute.) over, those of Northern Make, are particularly worthy of atten tion, being so arranged as to secure great additional strength without affecting the tone for which our instruments have been so highly recommended by the best Professors and Amateurs, taroughout the

A guarantee for five years will be given, with each Instrument sold by us, of our make, with privilege of exchange, at any time within six nonths from day of sale, if not perfectly satisfactory. Carhart & Needham's Patent MELODEONS constantly on hand, (an article we can recommend.) Pianes received in exchange. Tuning attended to. March 25, 1852 .- 6m

EXCHANGE BANK OF SELDEN, WITHERS & CO.

WASHINGTON, D. C. THE undersigned respectfully announce that I they have formed a co-partnership to transact a general Banking and Exchange business in this city, under the firm of SELDEN, WITHERS & CO., and are prepared to deal in Foreign and Domestic Exchanges, Time-Bills, Pro-

missory Notes, Certificates of Deposite, Letters of Credit, Bank Notes and Com. We undertake to make collections and promptly to remit the proceeds to any designed point within or without the Union.

Mr. WILLIAM SELDEN, a member of the firm, and for many years past, the Treasurer of the United States, will give his careful personal attention to all financial business which we may be employed to transact with any of the Departments of the Govern-

The business which our employers may require us to transact, will be conducted with fidelity and promptitude, and upon the most reasonable terms. WILLIAM SELDEY, Late Treasurer of the U.S. JOHN WITHERS. Of Alexandria, Va. R. W. LATHAM.

Of Washington, D. C. L. P. BAYNE, Of Bakimore, Md. Washington, Dec. 6, 1850 .- if

GERMAN Silver, Plated, Abata, Brittania, and Iron, Table and Tea spoons of the very best quality for sale low by T. RAWLINS & SON. April 22, 1852.

Hampton's Vegetable Tineture. THE world cannot produce stronger evidence than this kindly handed to us by J. Stockbridge, Esq., of the Fountain Hotel, Light street, a gentleman extensively and favorably known. The writer of the letter, Captain Canot, is he brother of the celebrated Physician to Louis Napoleon, President of the French Republic. Numbersof our most respectable citizens will give equally strong testi-mony in favor of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. It is a certala cure for Dyspepsia, Sciofula, Liver Complaint, &c., and all diseases from impure blood. land divided into nine fields, all under good fencing,

Mr. Stockbridge, of the Foundain Holel, Light street, Balt. Dear Sir: Being on the point of leaving the city, I avail myself of a few idle moments to thank you kindly for the medicine you sent me, and which has restored me to the use of my limbs. I beg you to send me four bottles more to carry on my voyage. Since I had the fortune to use Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture my confidence is so strong that, in gratitude to the proprietors of said medicine, I beg you to present my respects to them, and in the them to make it more publicly known as a sure known account. Having called on me on the 10th of the said of the s on the 19th of April last, and seen me prostrated on my bed, useless in all my limbs, you can appreciate nearly as well as myself the prompt relief I received from Dr. impter's Tincture, and I am positive had it not been for your strong and torcible recommendations I shoulds still have been in bed.

It is really a pity this specific should not be approved of by medical men, and like all patent drugs it should suffer the imputation the public generally give to such preparations. I myself, who was always opposed to a nateriod specific tech. natented specific, took this medicine with reluctance, farm either to the Baltimore or District markets .and without confidence in it, and it was only through your disinterested, friendly recommendations, and my critical situation, that induced me to try this really beneficial Vegetable Tincture. You may inform Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray that they are at therry to make use of my name in the sup-port of the good effects of Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tinchesons it has cured my in five weeks, of a Chronic Informatory Rheumatism, contracted under tropical

parts of my hands are fast returning to their former natural appearance. I have been under the treatment of several physicians in London and Paris, without any apparent benefit; also, while in New York, having tried the Thomp onian and Home pathic remedies, after having been tormented with galvanic batteries, cold and aromatic baths, and hundreds of internal and external medicines, all to no effect, I am, so far, cured by his Hampton's Vegetable Tincture only. Therefore, any dear sir, accept of the assurance of my gratitude, and believe me your well wisher.

[Signed] Thomas Canor. For sale by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, General Agents, 240 Baltimore street, Baltimore The following certificate is from an eminent lawyer of Kentucky, who is known in all of the States, having far a number of years represented his State in Congress. It affords me pleasure to state that Dr. Hampton has effected a most extraordinary cure of my slave boy Albert. The nationt was three years of age, and had the scrofula, His father is scrofulous. The boy was a moving mass of sores from head to foot. The upper lids of the eyes were much swollen and turned in out, exhibiting herrible mattering ulcers, and protruded over the eyeballs so as to produce blindness. It is strange, yet true, this child—that I felt resigned to see die as relief from suffering—has been restored to health under the treatment of Dr. Hampton.

W. P. THOMASSON. Louisville, March 20, 1851. The Great Discovery of the Age. HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE - Superior to any of the preparations now in use for the cure of disease, it exerts a powerful influence in renovating and purifying the blood, and freeing the system from all impurities. Whilst thus acting as an alterative, it also stimulates the liver to a healthy action, and exerts a pleas-ant and wholesome influence over the bowels, urinary organs and skin. In all diseases peculiar to females, in E uptions of the face or body, it is unequalled. Its operation, though mild and pleasant, is powerful in searching the system of all Morbid Matter, etc. Thus those, all Weakness and Lassitude, at become Robust and Healthy and full of energy under its influence. It counteracts the weakness of the female frame, wheih is the cause of barrenness. This wonderful Tincture, when taken as directed, will cure all Chronic diseases as Rheumatism, Gout, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Cough, Sore Throat, Tetter, Old Sore, pain in the Back, Spinal Disease, Piles, Fistula, with all the other diseases arising from impure blood.

More Home Testimony. Wonderful and permanent cure of one of our most highly respectable citizens. Bultimore, June 24th, 1851.

Messrs Mortimer & Mowbray : Gentlemen-A sense of gratitude, and a desire that those suffering under disease be induced to try Hampton's Vegetable Tinc-TURE, has influenced me in making the following statement of facts of my case-On the 14th of November, 1836, I was attacked with what is called Inflammatory Rheumatism; my pains were so intense that, for three months, I could not rest night or day. I lost all desire for food, and became very weak. At this stage of my disease my physician had a consultation with one of the most eminent of the profession in Baltimore. They gave me a large amount of medicine, none of which had any good effect on me, my sufferings every day becoming more intense, my pains continuing night and day, ulcers forming on my my physician pronounced my disease deeply seated and incurable. My pains at this juncture were so great that I had not one moment's relief from them, unless under the influence of an opiate. Many of my friends knowing my sufferings, and kindly sympathising with me, persuaded me to try the Thompsonian Sweets; also the Homospathic medicines, which I did without effect After this I also tried a large number of Panaceas and iniaments, all represented as certain cure all's, but from which I derived no benefit, rather growing weakor every day, suffering, if possible, more after every new remedy I tried. In the early part of August 1842, you first introduced Dr. Hampton's Tincture to me. Well do I remember that morning; it was after a sleepless knight of great suffering. By your advice I commenced, as a last resort, to try Hampton's Vegetable Tincture, and I am happy to say, before I had taken one bottle, my pains grew less, my appetite increased. Hope began to spring I continued taking the Tincture, and was soon enabled to eat any kind of food, thereby gaining strength every hour. In the space of a few months my pains left me, the ulcers in my arms and legs were entirely healed, and I was enabled to lay aside my crutches; and when August, 1843, came around, it found me without pain, and in the enjoyment of health, which, for years before, I was a stranger to. I am glad to say now, though nearly eight years have claused, that the cure in my case was made with the blessing of Providence and by the use of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. A large number of my relatives and friends can testify to the truthfurness of the above meagre statement of my sufferings, as well as my relief Wishing you every success in bringing this valuable medicine before the public, and haping that the afflicted may receive the same benefit I have from it. I remain yours,

JARRETT PLUMMER, 153 East Baltimore st.

We have hundreds of other certificates from some of the best men in our country. We ask the public to call and get pamphlets and see letters, and have references to numbers of our most respectable citizens who have used this wonderful Tincture. Its seccess in curing dis ease is astonishing. Never were such prompt cures made before by other medicine. Never before was such nony given in favor of any other medicine as that offered, unsolicitee, in favor of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. For sale by

MORTIMER & MOWBRAY. 240 Baltimore st. Baltimore. CHARLES STEWART. Charlestown, Va. J. E. S. HOUGH. Leesburg, Va. A. M. CRIDLER. Harpers Ferry, Va.

September 25, 1851 .-- 1y Two Hundred Reams Paper. BATH Post, guilt edge and plain; Letter, Cap, Post Office Envelope and Wrapping Paper of all descriptions; Bonnet Boards, &c., just received and for sale cheap by G. R. CCFFROTH,

Opposite the Court-House. Prime Old Segars. 52,000 FINE Old Regalia, Plantation, La Norma and Principee Segars; 45,000 Old Havanna, Rifle and Cassabore Segars: 10,000 Jenny Lind; a'so Spanish Sixes and a variety of other fine brands ;

22 000 Spanish do., 43,000 Half Spanish do. All of which will be sold very low. G. R. COFFROTH. Opposite the Court-House. Tobacco!!

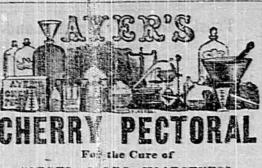
85 BOXES Tobacco, various and superb rands. Prime articles for retailing Just received and for sale very low by G. R. COFFROTH, Winchester, April 22. Oppositethe Court-House.

80 BOXES half pound lump Tobacco, just received and for sale low, wholesale and re-G. R. COFFROTH. SNUFFS.-60 Boxes Scotch Souff, in 2 and 4 oz. papers; 20 doz Garretts, 3d quality do., in

Also, Rappee, Maccaooy and Congress Snuffs. for sale by G. R. COFFROTH, Opposite the Court-House. 25 500 ENVELOPES, Maynard and Noves' Ink, Snuff Boxes, Segar Cases, Tobacco Pouches, Portemonies, Blank Books, &c., for sale at reduced prices, by

G. R. GOFFROTH. MATCHES AND BLACKING.—150 Gross
Matches, wood and paper boxes; 10 gross Blacking, large and small boxes, for sale by G. R. COFFROTH. DIPES .- 30 Boxes Chalk Pipes; 2000 Clay

Pipes and Reed stems; German Pipes, for sale by G. R. COFFROTH. April 23. OLD Plantation Segars, and other popular brands, on hand and for sale by G. R. COFFROTH. RAGS WANTED.—Any quantity purchased, and the highest price given.
April 22. G. R. COFFROTH.



COUGHS. COLDS. HOARSENESS. BRONCHITIS! WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

This invaluable remedy for all diseases of the threa and lungs, has attained a celebrity from its remarkable cures, never equalled by any other medicine before .-Other Preparations have shown themselves palllatives, and sometimes effected notable cutes, but none has ever so fully went the confidence of every community where it is known. After years of trial in every chmate, the results have indisputably shown it to possess a mastery over this of agerous class of diseases, which could not fail to street the attention of Physicians, Patients and the public at large. See the statements not of obscure individuals and

from far distant places, but of men who are known and respected throughout the country. The widely celebrated Surgeon, Doct. VALENTINE Morr, of New York City, says:
"It gives me pleasure to certify the value and efficacy of 'Aver's Chemar Pectoral,' which I consider

Dr. PERKINS, the venerable President of the Vermont Medical College, one of the eminently jearned physicians of this country, writes, the CHERRY PECTO-RAL is extensively used in this section, where it has shown unmistakable exidence of its happy effects upon pulmonary diseases. The Rev. JNO. D. COCHRANE, a distinguished Clergyman of the English Church, writes to the Proprietor from Montreell that . he has been cured of a severe asthmatic affection, by CHERRY PECTORAL "-His letter at full length, may be found in our Circular

to be had of the Agent, and is worth the attention of asthmatic patients. This letter is from the well known Druggist at Bills dale, Michigan, one of the largest dealers in the State, and this case is from his own observation. HELISDALE, MICH., Dec. 10, 1849 Dear Sir: Immediately on receipt of your CHERRY PECTORAL, I carried a bottle to an acquaintance of mine who was thought to be near his end with quick consumption. He was then totalde to rise from his bed, and was extremely fieble. His friends believed he must soon die, unless a lief could be obtained for him and I induced them to give your excellent medicine a trial. I immediately left town for three weeks, and

you may judge of my surprise on my return, to meet him in the street on my way home from the cars. and find he had entirely recovered. Four weeks from the day he commenced taking your medicine, he was at work at his ardnous tade of a blacksmith. There are other cases within my knowledge, where the CHERRY PECTOR'S. has been singularly successful but none so marked as this. Very truly yours.
G. W. UNDERWOOD. HEAR THE PATIENT.

Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell-Dear Sir: Feeling under obligations to you for the restoration of my health, I send you a report of thy case, which you are at liberty to publish for the benefit of others. Last autumn took a bad cold, accompanied by a severe cough, and made use of many medicines without obtaining relief. I was obliged to give up business, frequently raised blood, and could get no sleep at night. A friend gave me a bottle of your CHERRY PECTORAL, the use of which I immediately commenced according to directions. I have just purchased the fifth bottle, and am nearly recovered. I now sleep well, my cough has ceased, and all by the use of your valuable medicine. E. S. STONE, A. M., HANOVER. OHIO. April 3, 1850

Dear Sir: I wish I could tell all that suffer with : cough, what your Channy Pretoral has done for me. It does seem they might be tenefitted by the information. I had a lung fever which left my lungs weak and inflamed. Being very feeble and unable to gain strength at all, my friends thought I must soon sink in consumption. I had so appetite, and a dreadful cough was fast wearing me away. I began to take your beautiful medicine, by the advice of a clergyman, who had seen its effects before. It eased my cough at first, and gave me rest at night. In less than a formight I could cat well, and my cough had ceased to be troublesome. my appetite returned, and my food nourished me, which soon restered my strength. Now, after five weeks, I am well and strong, with no other help than your Cher-Yours, with respect

I hereby certify that the above statement of my wife is in conformity with my own views of her case and her cure by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. The above named Jeseph Dean and Julia, his wife are personally known in me, and implicit confidence may be placed in their statement.

SAMUEL C. VAN DERWENT. Also, sold by L. M. SMITH! tha Pastown DORSEY & BOWLY, Winchester, T. DALTON HAMMOND, H. Ferry. And by Druggists throughout the State.

February 19, 1852 -4m. WHELL' FARS. THE WHEAT PAN, known as the "Genessee I Farmer," has superseded the use of almost every other Fan ia the State of New York and other Wheat growing States. It is adapted to cleaning every description of seed, and as a Clover Seed of Timothy cleaner has no superior. This Fan has been most fully tested, and every where elicited the nighest commendation. It has taken the premium at several of the best Northern exhibitions, and for superiority of construction, capacity for working and economy of price, stands unrivalled. The fo lowing certificates from some of the most intelligent and successful agriculturists in the Valley of Virginia, attest its merits wherever tried. This list, were those offered not deemed sufficient for all reasonable men, could be extended to an indefinite JAMES RUNYAN. Charlestown, Nov. 13, 1951.

Mr. James Runyan's Fan has been used and tried against another celebrated Fan on the farm of the late Mr. John Myers this season with entire satisfaction. So far as my experience enables me to judge, it has no superior in speed or excellence of JOHN J. H. STRAITH. This is to certify that I have tried one of Mr. Jas.

Runyan's Fans and I have no hesitation in saving it is the best I have ever used, and I have no hesitation in recommending it to farmers. JNO. H. McENDREE.

This is to certify that I have tried one of Mr James Runyan's Wheat Fans and I have no hesitation in saying that it cleans better than any one I have used since I have been farming and a number of my neighbors were present when I used it and all concurred with me in its superiority over any fans used by them. Nov. 8, 1851. RICH'D DUFFIELD.

I have purchased one of Mr. Runyan's Wheat Fans and consider it the best I have ever used on I have tried one of James Runyan's Wheat Fans

and it is the best that I have ever used, and I would recommend it to all the farmers. JAS. G. HURST. Nov. 6, 1851. I have tried one of James Runyan's Wheat Fans and find it to be first-rate, and would recommend it to the farmers.

Winchester, Nov. 5, 1851. I have from experience proved Mr. James Runvan's Wheat Fans to be good. JESSE WOOD. Nov. 5, 1851.

Having used one of Mr. Runyan's Wheat Fans. the present season. I feel no hesitation in asserting that it is the best article of the kind I have ever seen WM. JOHNSON.

Mr. James Runyan's Wheat Fans are manufactured in one of my shops; they are out up by competent workmen, and the material used in their construction is of the very best quality W. J. HAWKS. Nov. 8, 1851.

Cash for Negroes,

I AM desirous to purchase a large number of NEGROES for the Southern markets, men, women, boys, girls and families, for . which I will give the highest cash prices.

Persons having slaves to sell will Persons having slaves to sell will please inform me personally, or by letter at Winchester, which will receive prompt attention; or E. M. & W. L. Campbell. No. 242, West Pratt street, Baltimore.

ELIJAH McDOWELL,
Agent for B. M. & W. L. Campbell. Winchester, September 4, 1851.

Cash for Negroes. THE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large I number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and ikely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will

and it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the very highest cash prices. He can beseen at the Berkeley Courts, at Martinsburg, on the 2d Monday, and at Berryville on the 4th Monday in each nonth, and usually at his residence in Charlestown. All letters addressed to him will be promptly atended to. WM. CF.OW. Charlestown Feb. 12, 1848-tf.

Cash For Negroes. THOSE persons having Negroes for sale, can get the highest price by calling on the subscriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be premptly attented to.

July 24, 1851. C. G. BRAGG.

Wholesale Watch & Jewelry Store.

L. H. MILLER & CO., TMPORTERS, Manufacturers and Jobbers of WATCHES, JEWELRY AND FANCY GOODS, have leased the Old Stand, formerly occupied by Mesers, Canfield, Brother & Co., Southeast corner of Charles and Baltimore Streets, (No. 821,) which they are putting in complete order for the WHOLESALE WATCH AND JEWELRY BUSINESS, to be opened about the 20th of July.
In calling the attention of the trade to the new concern, we mention the fact that we are associated with one of the most extensive Jawanay Manupac-TERING ESTABLISHMENTS in the country, which must give a decided advantage over all others in this market, for supplying dealers with Jewelry at manutac-

since needed, between Baltimore and the Southern and Western Merchants. We desire to call particular attention to the Watch department, which will at all times be supplied with a great assortment from the most celebrated manufacturers, and kept in perfect running order, so that purchasers may at once take them, with a written guarantee that they will perform cor-

turers' prices, a feature in this branch of trade long

This branch of the basiness will receive the especial attention of one of the firm, whose extensive and practical knowledge of the business, will, we hope, give us a place in the confidence of buvers. We respectfully invite you to call upon us when you next visit our city, confidently believing that an examination of our Goods will prove to you, that they are better styles and cheaper than you have ever seen in this market, and assure you that no effort shall be wanting on our part to make the acculiarly adapted to cere d seases of the throat and quaintance one of mutual benefit.

L. H. MILLER & CO., Corner of Charles and Ballimore Streets, Balt, REFERENCES:

Messrs. Wyeth, Blacklock & Co., Baltimore. Gwyn, Reid & Taylor, " James Hodges & Brothers, Hurst & Berry, Murdock, Duei & Evans, Stellman & Hinrichs. Sangston & Co. Barthlow, Gwynn & Co. Rieley & Pendleton, . Bushings & Bailey, . John Marphy & Co., Moore & Griffin, August 21, 1851-1y.

H. MOORE'S Cheap Book and Variety Store, No. 158 Pratt Street. FIVE GOORS ABOVE THE AM RICAN HOTEL, BALTIMORE.

DESPECTFULLY informs Country Merchant and others that he has constantly for sale, as the very lowest prices, a general assortment of school AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, NOVELS AND CHEAP PUB-LICATIONS, STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS, embracing \$ in Part, Blank Account Books in great varieties Day Books, Ledgers, Records, Journals and Re-

ceipt Books, Pocket Memorandums, Copy and Pass PAPER .-- Plain and Faney Envelopes, Cap Post, Bill, Note, Tissue, Blotting, and Post Office

Paper, Transparent Mottoes. Blue, Black and Red Ink, Bonnet Boards, Port Folios, Pocket Books Penknives, English and German Slates, Gold Pens and Silver Pencils, Silk and Bead Purses, Umbrellas, Fans, Canes, Paney Baskets, Violins, Flutes. PLAYING CARDS .- Eagle. Decatur, Merry Andrew, Highland's, Visiting Cards, Conversation Cards, Games, Songs, Plays, German Toys, Spy Glasses, Card Cases, Combs, Hair Brushes, Port Monies, Cologne, Hair Oil, Razors, Writing Desks, Pistols, Fancy Boxes, Carpet Bags, French & American Lithograph Prints, Locking-Glasses Pocket Inkstands, Almanacs for 1852, of every va-

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BLANK BOOKS made to order, and ruled to inv pattern, at the shortest notice. BOOK BINDING neatly executed. Old Books Second-Hand Books bought and sold, or ex-Keep constantly for sale a large assortment of Second-Hand Books, in all the various branches of

September 4, 1851,-1v COSTUME HALL. Corner of Pratt street and Centre Market Space. BALTIMORE.

iterature, science and art.

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING H. COLE has removed from Legal ME 3181 Baltimore street, to COSTUME HALL, where will be found the largest and bes wards, embracing an styles or tanev, plain 'ar-

plaid Cassimeres. Vests of every variety at correconding prices. Also a large assertment of Boys Importing our own Cloths direct from Europe and manufacturing on the most extensive scale, en ables us to offer inducements to purchasers not to be surpassed by any Clothing Establishment in the United States. The proprietors are determined to make the Wholesale Rooms the point of great attraction, and have now made up more than 50 000 Garments, from the finest quality to the lowest in

In the Custom Department will always be four d the choicest selection of Cloths, Cassimeres ar Vestings, which will be made up at the shorte notice, and in the latest style, and a fit alway The one price system always adhered to.

Remember the name and place, Corner of Prat. street and Centre Market Space. Jan. 22, 1852.

Entire New Stock of Carpetings. G. S. GRIFFITH. No. 77 Baltimore street, has

one of the most splendid assortment of Carpeting ever offered in this market; among which may Tapestry Velvet Carpetings do Brussels doall new patterns do do Super

three ply do and do Ingrain do bright colors. Extra Fine do do Damask Venitian do Druggets, Rugs and Stair Rods. . Floor and Furniture Oil Cloths, all widths and

qualities. Piano and Table Covers in every variety All the above stock has been selected with th greatest care from the largest establishments in the country. Purchasers will find it greatly to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing, a we are enabled to sell lower than any house in the city and on most accommodating terms. Don't mistake the name and number.

G. S. GRIFFITH, 77 Balt st., between Tripolett's Alley and Gay street.

April 29, 1852. New Style Curtain Goods. JUST received a very extensive assortment of new styles of Curtain and various other Upholstery goods for the fall and winter seasons, consisting in part as follows:

Satin Delanes, new styles and bright colors;

Union Damasks, all colors and qualities; Wos. do. do. Moreens do. Turkey Reds, plain and figured; Wos. Gim: sall sizes; Silk do; Emb'd Muslin Curtains, while and col'd; Plain and fig'd Wos. plush and all colors; Brass Corniccs, newest styles; do. Ornaments, do.; do. Curtain Bands and Pins;

Gilt Rods, Rings and Ornaments; Wos. Loops and Tassels; Silk do. Also, keep on hand and manufacture to order, Feather Beds, Hair, Husk and Moss Mattrasses Pew Cushions, &c., together with everything air pertaining to this line of business, may be had at G. S. GRIFFITH'S,

Topholsici, Warehouse, 122 Balt. st., April 29, 1852,

Carpets.

DO YOU WANT BARGAINS! THEN GO
TO G. S. GRIFFITH, No. 77 BALTIMORE STREET, between Gay street and Tripolett's alley He has just received by importation and from American manufacturers, as well as from auctio sales, a splendid assortment of CARPETS, which he is prepared to sell at very low prices. His stock consists in part of-

Three Ply; super Ingrains; extra do. Damask Venitian. Floor OIL CLOTHS and MATTINGS, of all widths, and every variety of Rugs, Mats, Table Covers, Druggets, Stair Rods and Linen. All persons, who will call and purchase, canrot fail to receive full satisfaction as regards quality, pattern and prices. March 25, 1852.

Velvet Tapestry; Brussels do; Brussels

pattern and prices. EXTRA FLOUR.

THE undersigned has always on hand Extra | FLOUR, No. 1, for sale and in exchange for a good article of Wheat. The above Flour is kept on hand in Charlestown, by John K. Woods & Co. and Eby & Son; and by different merchants at Harpers-Ferry.

I have also my Saw-Mill in good repair, and bills will be furnished at the shortest notice. MARTIN EICHELBERGER. Rock Spring Mills, May 9, 1850 .-- tf. 100 BUSHELS Lime, just received by June 3. EBY & S

EBY & SON.

CIRCULAR.

A Method by which Slave Owners may be Protected from Loss. NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSU-

RANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON. N luture, Insurance will be effected on the lives of Slaves, under the following rules:-1st. Three-fourths the actual cash value will be

2d. There will be inserted in each policy a condition that no other Insurance be made on the same

3d. A policy may be transferred to another party in this State, or to a Staveholder in another State, without first cheatining the consent of the Company. 4th. A slave dying without the State, is still covered by the policy. 5th. The premium stated in the first instance in

the policy, is the same, irrespective of age, for the whole term of five years. 6th. The premium for said term of five years to be paid annually, and the policy thus renewed, irrespective of the health of the slave at the time of Ivavwal.

7th. Referee's letters, demanded in ordinary cares, in effecting an insurance, will be dispensed with in cases of insurance on the lives of Slaves. 8th. Satisfactory and REASONABLE proof of ago will be sufficient to have that fact endorsed in the policy; and proof thereof after death dispersed with. 9th. In case of difference as to the actual Cast VALUE of a slave, it may be determined by reference to two persons, to be mutually chosen by the owner and the agent of the Company.

10th. Parties insuring on the lives of Slaves, can, at the end of any year, discontinue the policy, if they wish to do so. 11th. The annual expenses of such insurance will depend upon the age of the Slave at his next birth-day, viz: For instance, on \$500, Annual Premium for the

term of five years Prem. on \$500. 8 00 8 95 8 50 8 75 9 00 9 30 9 55 9 80 2 00 10 00 2.04 10 20 10 35 2 09 10 45 10 55 10 60

2 14 10 70 And for other ages not enumerated, in proportion, A policy fee of \$1 25 is payable in the first intance only-not demanded afterwards. Thus:-A Slave aged 30 years can be insured for \$500. (other sums larger or smaller, pro rata.) for a year, for \$9; and if he dies, the owner, although deprived of the revenue of his labor, by so ordinary a easualty, will still not be unrecompensed for his loss; for there will still remain to himnot his Slave-but the \$560 which constituted his value, which sum he can invest to replace the

rived him of if insured. For any further information desired, please ap-B. W. HER ERT, Agent. February 19, 1852-6m.

revenue the death of the Slave would have de-

LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL LOAN FUND LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, OF LONDON. CAPITAL \$2,500,000-Sunples \$412,270. RINTED statements explanatory of the business, and the advantages of Life Assurance,

will be furnished on application to B. W. HERBERT. Or in his absence, applications can be made to DR. G. F. MASON, Medical Examiner, Charlestown, DR. JOHN D. STARRY, Medical Exeminer. Harpers-Ferry,

DR. I. H. TAYLOR. Medical Exam ner, Shepherdstown. THIS COMPANY have also commenced issuing POLICIES for the INSURANCE CF SLAVE LIFE, a method by which slave owners may be protected from loss. For Circulars and other information, apply to

B. W. HERBERT, Agent. Charlestown, Nov. 13, 1951. Hartford Fire Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. Incorporated 1810 - Charles perpetual - Capital \$150, 1 Chinery, Dwening riouses, Stores, Merchandisc, Household Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port, &c., &c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will admit.

Applications for Insurance may be made of B. W. HERBERT. Agent for Jefferson County, Va. In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to John P. Erown, Esq., who will attend to them promptly. Persons at a distance address through N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property, the Agent will present his com-

missions in reducing the amount of premiums on

December 18, 1851-1y. WATER.

the risks thus arising.

FEW subjects deserve more attention than the necessity of obtaining a copious supply of water, but in looking to quantity of supply, quality has been thought of less importance; there could not be a more gross error or one more fatal to domestic comfort and economy. We propose to explain some of the serious inconveniences which result from an inindicious selection of hard water for dymestic purposes. The water found in springs, &c., has its primary origin in rain, which falling on the soil percolate- through it, and the porous beds beneath and gushes out in the form of springs whenever it meets an impervious bed which refuses it a passage; pits sunk down to the latter, detect it there, and form wells. In its passage through the pervious rocks, it takes up soluble impurities varying in their amount and character with the geological formations; these impurities being principally mineral ingredients, may be lime, chalk, gypsum, salt and different other compounds, which impress peculiar qualities on the water. The salts of lime and magnesia communicate to water a quality termed hardness, a property difficult to describe, but which all understand; the most common giver of bardness is carbonite of lime. Any earthy salt decomposes soap and prevents its action as a cleanser. Soap consists of an oily acid combined, generally, with soda, when added to water containing lime, that earth unites with the oily acid forming an insoluble soap of no use as a detergent; this insoluble lime soap is the curd which appears in hard wa-ter during washing with soap. Hard water is of no use as a cleanser until all the lime has been removed by uniting with the oily acid of soap. Every 100 gallons of water of this kind usually destroys 30 ounces of soap-this is an enormous waste. If persons observe their habits in washing, they will perceive that the principal quantity of the water is used by them not as a cleanser, but merely for the purpose of rinsing off the very sparing amount employed for detergent purposes. We do not wash curselves in but out of the basin-the process of washing with soft water is quite different, the whole quantity being then applied as a cleanser. the value of soft water for washing will, by experiment, be at once recognized. Now, although the soap may be economised in personal ablution by the uncom ortable method described, it is impossible to obtain the economy in the washing of clothing, &c. The labor required-to wash in hard water is very much greater than when it is soft, and the adlitional tear and wear is a very important consideration. We now draw attention to the inconvenience of hard water in cooking; it is well known that greens peas, beans and other green vegetables, loose much of their delicate color, become yellow, and assume a shrivelled and disagreeable appearance, losing much of their deliency next to the Patriot Office. | being boiled in hard water. For making Coffee

and Tea the evil is still more unvious, a is called ly difficult to obtain a good infusion of either with hard water however much may be wasted in the attempt. The effect of hard water on the health of the lower animals is very obvious; horses, cattle, &c., refuse it whenever they can obtain a supply of soft water, they prefer the muddlest pool of the lat-ter, to the most brilliant and spark ling spring of the former. In all of them it produces cholic, and sometimes more serious diseases, the coats of horses drinking hard water become rough, stare, and they soon fall out of condition. It is not known that it exerts similar influences upon man, although analogy would lead us to expect that a beverage unsuited to the lower animals, cannot be favorable to the human constitution. Persons with tender skins cannot wash in hard water, because the insoluble salts left by evaporation, cause an intolerable irritation. Having now explained briefly some of the inconveniences of hard water we propose the remed; —
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